## RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION

#### INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021** 



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## RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION TABLE OF CONTENTS THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION	9
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	10
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	11
STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST	13
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST	14
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS	48
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND	49
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND	50
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND	51
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND	52



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

Management and the Board of Commissioners Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation Providence, Rhode Island

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the Corporation), which comprise the combining statement of net position as of September 30, 2021, and the related combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the three months then ended, the discretely presented component unit statement of fiduciary net position as of September 30, 2021, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the three months then ended, and the related statement of the interim financial statements.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control sufficient to provide a reasonable basis for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to conduct our review engagement in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to reviews of interim financial information. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial information. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim financial information in order for it to be in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability – and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting and for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Such information is the responsibility of management. We have not audited, reviewed, or compiled the required supplementary information and we do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on it.

## Supplementary Information

The accompanying supplementary information included in the combining statement of net position – single-family fund, combining statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – single-family fund, combining statement of net position – multi-family funds, and combining statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position – multi-family fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the review procedures applied in our review of the basic financial statements. We are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the supplementary information. We have not audited the supplementary information and do not express an opinion on such information.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Cranston, Rhode Island December 20, 2021

The accompanying basic financial statements include Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the Corporation) and Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust, a component unit of the Corporation), collectively referred to as Rhode Island Housing.

This section of Rhode Island Housing's financial statements presents Rhode Island Housing's management's discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial position and performance as of September 30, 2021, and for the three months then ended. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and supplementary information should be read in conjunction with the following discussion.

#### Financial Highlights

The financial highlights (in millions) of the Corporation as of and for the three months ended September 30, 2021, increased (decreased) from the previous year as follows:

	2021			
	\$	%		
Mortgage Loans, Gross	(105.0)	(6.4)		
Investments	195.8	37.5		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	153.8	44.7		
Total Assets	244.4	9.8		
Bonds and Notes Payable	223.4	13.9		
Total Net Position	23.7	6.3		
Total Revenues	1.3	3.4		
Total Expenses	0.0	(0.2)		
Operating Income	1.4	18.9		

Mortgage Loans represent the largest category of the Corporation's total assets at 55.7%. The decrease from prior year is a result of payoffs of single-family loans. New single-family mortgage production is securitized and categorized as an investment, resulting in an increase in Investments.

Bonds and notes payable represent the largest component of total liabilities at 78.4%. The increase relates to both single-family and multi-family bond issuance.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities; that is, activities that are financed in whole or in part by charges to external parties for services, with funding sources that are primarily external to the Corporation. As a result, the Corporation's basic financial statements include the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, the statement of cash flows, and the notes to the financial statements. These basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Corporation's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on the Corporation's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Corporation's net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating. Other factors, both internal and external to the Corporation, should be considered when evaluating the Corporation's financial position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information on how the Corporation's net position changed during the year.

All assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting for governmental entities and are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the asset or liability and resulting change in net position occurs, regardless of the timing of when a corresponding amount of cash is received or paid. Consequently, certain revenues and expenses reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position will result in cash flows in future periods.

The Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a separate legal entity created pursuant to a trust agreement initiated by the Corporation. The Trust is a private-purpose trust established to assist in activities that involve the creation and preservation of affordable housing in the State. All resources of the Trust, including income on investments and other revenues, are held in trust for the benefit of private and not-for-profit organizations. There is no requirement that any portion of the Trust's resources be preserved as capital. The Trust administers its affairs through its trustees, records its assets in segregated accounts and maintains financial records separate from the Corporation.

## **Operating Activity of the Corporation**

The following table summarize the components of operating income, before the adjustment required to record investments at fair value as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in Thousands)					
		2021		2020	% Change	
Revenues:						
Interest Income on Loans	\$	17,263	\$	17,577	(1.8)	
Earnings on Investments		4,615		3,778	22.2	
Gain on Sale of Loans		2,655		5,003	(46.9)	
Grant Revenue		4,698		6,603	(28.8)	
Other		6,749		3,378	99.8	
Total Revenues		35,980		36,339	(1.0)	
Expenses:						
Interest Expense		10,158		11,802	(13.9)	
Provision for Loan Losses		-		-	-	
REO Expenditures		(91)		183	(149.7)	
Bond Issuance Costs		1,282		214	499.1 <sup>´</sup>	
Operating Expenses		10,610		8,222	29.0	
Grant Expense		4,828		6,619	(27.1)	
Other Expenses		3,992		3,787	5.4	
Total Expenses		30,779		30,827	(0.2)	
Operating Income, Before Adjusting Investments						
to Fair Value	\$	5,201	\$	5,512	(5.6)	

Operating income, after adjusting investments to fair value, was \$8.5 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2021, and \$7.2 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2020. GASB Statement No. 31, which requires investments to be recorded at fair value, resulted in an increase in operating income of \$3.3 million in 2021 compared to an increase in operating income of \$1.6 million in 2020.

Gain on sale of loans was \$2.7 million and \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Fluctuations are a result of different financing strategies to take advantage of changing market conditions. Loans can be sold to Fannie Mae or securitized and sold in the To-Be-Announced market which generates immediate revenue and increases the gain on sale of loans. In the past year, loans were primarily financed through tax-exempt bonds, securitized, and held as investments providing stable revenue over the life of the loans. This strategy results in an increase in investments, yielding increased earnings on investments.

Operating expenses of the Corporation (personnel services, other administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization of other assets) totaled \$10.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 29.0% from \$8.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. This is due to expenses relating to the administration of new federal programs.

Net interest income (interest on loans and investments less interest expense) is the largest component of the Corporation's operating income. Net interest income totaled \$11.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2021, an increase of 22.7% from \$9.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. Earnings on investments increased by \$.84 million from 2020 to 2021. Net interest income as a percentage of average bonds and notes payable was 2.72% in 2021 and 2.53% in 2020. Interest income on loans as a percentage of total loans was 4.38% in both 2021 and 2020, while interest expense on bonds and notes was 2.36% in 2021 and 3.13% in 2020. This caused a total increase in the spread margin (i.e., differential between loans and bonds) to 2.02% in 2021 from 1.25% in 2020.

The Corporation's revenue recognition policy for delinquent loans requires that interest will stop accruing and any accrued interest will be reversed if any loan becomes 90 days past due on the contractual obligation. The Corporation will commence accruing interest income on such loans once the loans are made current.

There was no addition to the provision for loan loss for the three months ended September 30, 2021 or for the three months ended September 30, 2020 because of minimal write-offs during those periods. The adequacy of the allowance is based on a review of the Corporation's loan portfolio and an analysis of its current characteristics. The primary economic factors incorporated into the allowance estimates are: (1) recent performance characteristics of the single-family portfolio, and (2) net operating cash flows of the developments associated with multi-family loans.

The state of Rhode Island continues to be under a state of national emergency due to the COVID-19 outbreak. The Corporation derives a significant portion of its revenues from loans made to multi-family projects and single-family homeowners which may have both been impacted by business closures and job loss. This has resulted in an increase in delinquencies and loans in forbearance as of September 30, 2021.

For single-family loans, an estimate of loss reserve is based on current delinquency, historical loss experience, and the last instance of economic softness and real estate depreciation. In addition, loans in forbearance as of September 30, 2021 that resulted from COVID-19 related loss of income have been considered in the calculation of the single-family loan loss. A general percentage has been applied as the ultimate impact is not determinable at this time.

For the multi-family portfolios, a specific loan loss reserve analysis is performed for every loan demonstrating signs of financial strain. Cash flow projections are developed from the most recent audited financials for each of the sites which may be experiencing difficulty, and which have a mortgage loan. For each of these sites, an analysis of value is calculated and compared to the loan balance. This methodology is the same as that used in the formulation of the income approach found in standard real estate appraisals. Beyond the specific reserves derived above, a general reserve is also established. The general reserve is based on a range of reserve percentages applicable to each loan portfolio.

## Financial Analysis of the Corporation

The following table summarize certain financial information regarding the Corporation's financial position:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 (in Thousands)					
2021	2020	% Change			
\$ 1,479,252	\$ 1,585,353	(6.7)			
717,478	521,687	37.5			
497,507	343,705	44.7			
45,916	44,558	3.0			
2,740,153	2,495,303	9.8			
3,015	2,190	37.7			
1,835,553	1,612,183	13.9			
506,850	508,065	(0.2)			
2,342,403	2,120,248	10.5			
1,366	1,531	(10.8)			
9,730	9,833	(1.1)			
289,386	277,609	4.2			
100,283	88,271	13.3			
	2021 \$ 1,479,252 717,478 497,507 45,916 2,740,153 3,015 1,835,553 506,850 2,342,403 1,366 9,730 289,386	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			

Total assets of the Corporation increased 9.8% from 2020 to 2021, primarily due to the increase in cash and investments. Bonds and notes payable totaled \$1.8 billion as of September 30, 2021, an increase of \$223 million, or 13.9%, from September 30, 2020.

As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, the net position-to-asset ratio was 14.6% and 15.1%, respectively, while the loan-to-asset ratio was 54.0% and 63.5%, respectively. These ratios reflect the application of GASB Statement No. 31.

## External Influences

The Rhode Island economy and the level of unemployment in the state of Rhode Island has a direct impact on the Corporation's delinquency experience within its portfolio. As of September 30, 2021, Rhode Island's unemployment rate was 5.2% compared to 10.5% as of September 30, 2020. The Corporation has also experienced a decrease in its 90+ delinquency rate to 8.42% in 2021 from 8.76% in 2020. The increase in both rates that were noted in the early phase of the COVID-19 pandemic, are showing signs of correcting.

#### **Requests for Information**

This management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances. Questions concerning this report may be addressed to the Director of Accounting, Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation, 44 Washington Street, Providence, Rhode Island, 02903. The Corporation maintains a website at: www.rihousing.com.

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

	Op	erating Fund		Single-Family Fund		Multi-Family Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Loans Receivable	\$	547,626,955	\$	380,248,040	\$	558,658,713	\$	1,486,533,708
Less Allowance for Loan Losses		(31,974,569)		(13,998,264)		-		(45,972,833)
Loans Receivable, Net		515,652,386		366,249,776		558,658,713		1,440,560,875
Loans held for Sale		38,690,990		-		-		38,690,990
Investments		122,181,338		593,625,464		1,670,871		717,477,673
Accrued Interest - Loans		1,101,512		1,141,860		2,514,014		4,757,386
Accrued Interest - Investments		16,203		1,684,753		25,515		1,726,471
Cash and Cash Equivalents		126,215,686		322,958,566		48,333,173		497,507,425
Accounts Receivable, Net		16,202,513		74,621		-		16,277,134
Other Assets, Net		22,691,790		477,356		(14,259)		23,154,887
Interfund Receivable (Payable)		15,600		(7,800)		(7,800)		-
Total Assets		842,768,018		1,286,204,596		611,180,227		2,740,152,841
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Loan Origination Costs		-		2,208		-		2,208
Hedging Instruments		889,532		-		-		889,532
Deferred OPEB Outflows		2,123,211		-		-		2,123,211
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,012,743		2,208		-	_	3,014,951
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows								
of Resources	\$	845,780,761	\$	1,286,206,804	\$	611,180,227	\$	2,743,167,792
LIABILITIES								
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	248,511,325	\$	1,077,357,354	\$	509,683,921	\$	1,835,552,600
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes		457,626		12,117,706		6,352,056		18,927,388
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		14,971,935		-		37,679		15,009,614
Fees, Net		1,221,422		82,947		1,569,316		2,873,685
Escrow Deposits		464,781,005		-		5,258,547		470,039,552
Total Liabilities		729,943,313		1,089,558,007	-	522,901,519		2,342,402,839
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred OPEB Inflow		1,366,255		-		-		1,366,255
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		9,729,605		-		-		9,729,605
Restricted by Bond Resolutions		4,458,774		196,648,797		88,278,708		289,386,279
Unrestricted		100,282,814		-		-		100,282,814
Total Net position		114,471,193	_	196,648,797		88,278,708		399,398,698
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Net Position	\$	845,780,761	\$	1,286,206,804	\$	611,180,227	\$	2,743,167,792

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

	0	perating Fund	s	ingle-Family Fund	N	lulti-Family Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES Interest Income on Loans	\$	2 070 046	\$	1 150 270	\$	7,481,494	\$	15,518,718
	Φ	3,878,846	φ	4,158,378	φ	7,401,494	Ф	10,010,710
Interest Income Attributable to Internal		1 7/2 001						1 7/2 001
Servicing Activities Total Interest Income on Loans		1,743,981 5,622,827		4,158,378		- 7,481,494		1,743,981 17,262,699
Total Interest income on Loans		5,022,027		4,150,570		7,401,494		17,202,099
Income on Investments:								
Earnings on Investments		190,500		4,401,422		22,769		4,614,691
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value								
Investments		(15,797)		3,345,019		(20,444)		3,308,778
Fees		6,046,726		-		-		6,046,726
Servicing Fee Income		702,158		-		-		702,158
Grant Revenue		4,698,278		-		-		4,698,278
Miscellaneous Income		42		-		-		42
Gain on Sale of Loans		2,655,828		-		-		2,655,828
Total Operating Revenues		19,900,562		11,904,819		7,483,819		39,289,200
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Interest Expense		1,627,368		4,395,487		4,135,568		10,158,423
Personnel Services		6,736,154		-		-		6,736,154
Other Administrative Expenses		3,263,052		-		-		3,263,052
Housing Initiatives		589,348		-		-		589,348
REO (Recoveries) Expenditures		(59,439)		(31,154)		-		(90,593)
Bad Debt (Recoveries) Expense		(5,176)		-		-		(5,176)
Bond Issuance Costs		139,354		1,142,562		-		1,281,916
Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets		609,727		1,272		-		610,999
Loan Costs		1,466,286		1,796,588		106,890		3,369,764
State Rental Subsidy Program		37,628		-		-		37,628
Grant Expense		4,827,853		-		-		4,827,853
Total Operating Expenses		19,232,155		7,304,755		4,242,458		30,779,368
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		668,407		4,600,064		3,241,361		8,509,832
Transfers In (Out)		2,054,300		-		(2,054,300)		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,722,707		4,600,064		1,187,061		8,509,832
Net Position - Beginning of Year		111,748,486		192,048,733		87,091,647		390,888,866
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	114,471,193	\$	196,648,797	\$	88,278,708	\$	399,398,698

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

Repayment of Loans Receivable     154,309,834     26,873,236     1,486,134     182,669,204       Fees Collected (Paid)     7,134,070     (3,014)     (19,286)     7,111,770       Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net     (10,143,163)     -     235,887     (9,907,276       Loans Disbursed     (142,628,910)     (22,399,150)     -     (165,028,060       Accounts Receivable, Net     (1,956,030)     -     -     (1,956,030       Gain on Accounts Receivable     5,176     -     5,176       Loss on Loans Receivable     (25,431)     (1,735)     -     (27,166       Income on REO Properties     59,439     31,154     -     90,593       Bond Issuance Costs     (139,354)     (1,142,562)     -     (1,281,916       Personnel Services     (6,736,154)     -     -     (6,736,154       Other Administrative Expenses     (3,263,052)     -     -     (3,263,052       Housing Initiative Expenses     (58,348)     -     -     (589,348)       Other Assets     653,161     (174,145)     14,259     493,275 <th></th> <th>0</th> <th>perating Fund</th> <th>5</th> <th>Single-Family Fund</th> <th>Ν</th> <th>Multi-Family Fund</th> <th> Total</th>		0	perating Fund	5	Single-Family Fund	Ν	Multi-Family Fund	 Total
Repayment of Loans Receivable   154,309,834   26,873,236   1,486,134   182,669,204     Fees Collected (Paid)   7,134,070   (3,014)   (19,286)   7,111,770     Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net   (10,143,163)   -   235,887   (9,907,276     Loans Disbursed   (142,628,910)   (22,399,150)   -   (165,028,060     Accounts Receivable, Net   (1,956,030)   -   -   (1,956,030     Gain on Accounts Receivable   5,176   -   5,176     Loss on Loans Receivable   (25,431)   (1,735)   -   (27,166     Income on REO Properties   59,439   31,154   -   90,593     Bond Issuance Costs   (139,354)   (1,142,562)   -   (1,281,916     Personnel Services   (6,736,154)   -   -   (589,348)   -   (589,342)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (32,63,052)   -   -   (3,763,55)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,348)   -   (589,34	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Fees Collected (Paid)   7,134,070   (3,014)   (19,286)   7,111,770     Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net   (10,143,163)   -   235,887   (9,907,276     Loans Disbursed   (142,628,910)   (22,399,150)   -   (165,028,060     Accounts Receivable, Net   (1,956,030)   -   -   (1,956,030     Gain on Accounts Receivable   5,176   -   5,176     Loss on Loans Receivable   (25,431)   (1,735)   -   (27,166     Income on REO Properties   59,439   31,154   -   90,593     Bond Issuance Costs   (139,354)   (1,142,562)   -   (1,281,916     Other Administrative Expenses   (3,263,052)   -   -   (3,263,052)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (589,348)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   653,161   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,900     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (74,3468     State Rental Subsidy Program   2,054,300   -<	Interest on Loans Receivable	\$	5,677,986	\$	4,146,171	\$	7,434,747	\$ 17,258,904
Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net     (10,143,163)     -     235,887     (9,907,276       Loans Disbursed     (142,628,910)     (22,399,150)     -     (165,028,060)       Accounts Receivable, Net     (1,956,030)     -     -     (1,956,030)       Gain on Accounts Receivable     5,176     -     5,176       Loss on Loans Receivable     (25,431)     (1,735)     -     (27,166)       Income on REO Properties     59,439     31,154     -     90,593       Bond Issuance Costs     (139,354)     (1,142,662)     -     (1,281,916)       Personnel Services     (6,736,154)     -     -     (6,736,154)       Other Administrative Expenses     (3,263,052)     -     -     (3,263,052)       Housing Initiative Expenses     (589,348)     -     -     (589,348)       Other Assets     653,161     (174,145)     14,259     493,275       Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities     (1,723,955)     -     (53,135)     (1,777,090)       Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans     1,160,010     (1,796,588)     (106,890)     (74	Repayment of Loans Receivable		154,309,834		26,873,236		1,486,134	182,669,204
Loans Disbursed   (142,628,910)   (22,399,150)   -   (165,028,060)     Accounts Receivable, Net   (1,956,030)   -   -   (1,956,030)     Gain on Accounts Receivable   5,176   -   5,176     Loss on Loans Receivable   (25,431)   (1,735)   -   (27,166)     Income on REO Properties   59,439   31,154   -   90,593     Bond Issuance Costs   (139,354)   (1,142,562)   -   (1,281,916)     Personnel Services   (6,736,154)   -   -   (6,736,154)     Other Administrative Expenses   (3263,052)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   653,161   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net C	Fees Collected (Paid)		7,134,070		(3,014)		(19,286)	7,111,770
Accounts Receivable, Net   (1,956,030)   -   -   (1,956,030)     Gain on Accounts Receivable   5,176   -   5,176     Loss on Loans Receivable   (25,431)   (1,735)   -   (27,166)     Income on REO Properties   59,439   31,154   -   90,593     Bond Issuance Costs   (139,354)   (1,142,562)   -   (1,281,916)     Personnel Services   (6,736,154)   -   -   (5,736,154)     Other Administrative Expenses   (3,263,052)   -   -   (3,263,052)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (1,723,955)   -   (5,3135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734	Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net		(10,143,163)		-		235,887	(9,907,276)
Gain on Accounts Receivable     5,176     -     5,176       Loss on Loans Receivable     (25,431)     (1,735)     -     (27,166       Income on REO Properties     59,439     31,154     -     90,593       Bond Issuance Costs     (139,354)     (1,142,562)     -     (1,281,916       Personnel Services     (6,736,154)     -     -     (6,736,154)       Other Administrative Expenses     (3,263,052)     -     -     (3,263,052)       Housing Initiative Expenses     (589,348)     -     -     (589,348)       Other Assets     653,161     (174,145)     14,259     493,275       Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities     (1,723,955)     -     (53,135)     (1,777,090)       Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans     1,160,010     (1,796,588)     (106,890)     (743,468)       State Rental Subsidy Program     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)       Net Cash Provided by Operating     2,054,300     -     (2,054,300)     -       Net Cash Provided by Operating     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,7	Loans Disbursed		(142,628,910)		(22,399,150)		-	(165,028,060)
Loss on Loans Receivable     (25,431)     (1,735)     -     (27,166)       Income on REO Properties     59,439     31,154     -     90,593       Bond Issuance Costs     (139,354)     (1,142,562)     -     (1,281,916)       Personnel Services     (6,736,154)     -     -     (6,736,154)       Other Administrative Expenses     (3,263,052)     -     -     (3,263,052)       Housing Initiative Expenses     (589,348)     -     -     (589,348)       Other Assets     653,161     (174,145)     14,259     493,275       Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities     (1,723,955)     -     (53,135)     (1,777,090)       Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans     1,160,010     (1,796,588)     (106,890)     (743,468)       State Rental Subsidy Program     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)       Transfers from (to) Other Programs     2,054,300     -     (2,054,300)     -       Net Cash Provided by Operating     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734	Accounts Receivable, Net		(1,956,030)		-		-	(1,956,030)
Income on REO Properties     59,439     31,154     -     90,593       Bond Issuance Costs     (139,354)     (1,142,562)     -     (1,281,916)       Personnel Services     (6,736,154)     -     -     (6,736,154)       Other Administrative Expenses     (3,263,052)     -     -     (3,263,052)       Housing Initiative Expenses     (589,348)     -     -     (589,348)       Other Assets     (53,151)     (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans     (1,160,010)     (1,796,588)     (106,890)     (743,468)       State Rental Subsidy Program     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)       Transfers from (to) Other Programs     2,054,300)     -     (2,054,300)	Gain on Accounts Receivable		5,176				-	5,176
Bond Issuance Costs   (139,354)   (1,142,562)   -   (1,281,916     Personnel Services   (6,736,154)   -   -   (6,736,154)     Other Administrative Expenses   (3,263,052)   -   -   (3,263,052)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (589,348)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   653,161   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734	Loss on Loans Receivable		(25,431)		(1,735)		-	(27,166)
Personnel Services   (6,736,154)   -   -   (6,736,154)     Other Administrative Expenses   (3,263,052)   -   -   (3,263,052)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (589,348)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   (6,736,154)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   (653,161)   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	Income on REO Properties		59,439		31,154		-	90,593
Other Administrative Expenses   (3,263,052)   -   -   (3,263,052)     Housing Initiative Expenses   (589,348)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   (53,161)   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734	Bond Issuance Costs		(139,354)		(1,142,562)		-	(1,281,916)
Housing Initiative Expenses   (589,348)   -   -   (589,348)     Other Assets   653,161   (174,145)   14,259   493,275     Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING   Cash Provided by Operating   -   -   -	Personnel Services		(6,736,154)		-		-	(6,736,154)
Other Assets     653,161     (174,145)     14,259     493,275       Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities     (1,723,955)     -     (53,135)     (1,777,090)       Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans     1,160,010     (1,796,588)     (106,890)     (743,468)       State Rental Subsidy Program     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)       Transfers from (to) Other Programs     2,054,300     -     (2,054,300)     -       Net Cash Provided by Operating     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734       CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING     Image: Case of the second seco	Other Administrative Expenses		(3,263,052)		-		-	(3,263,052)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities   (1,723,955)   -   (53,135)   (1,777,090)     Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468)     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING   Cash Provided by Operating   -   -   -	Housing Initiative Expenses		(589,348)		-		-	(589,348)
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans   1,160,010   (1,796,588)   (106,890)   (743,468     State Rental Subsidy Program   (37,628)   -   -   (37,628)     Transfers from (to) Other Programs   2,054,300   -   (2,054,300)   -     Net Cash Provided by Operating   3,810,951   5,533,367   6,937,416   16,281,734     CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	Other Assets		653,161		(174,145)		14,259	493,275
State Rental Subsidy Program     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)       Transfers from (to) Other Programs     2,054,300     -     (2,054,300)     -       Net Cash Provided by Operating     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734       CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING     -     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     -     (37,628)     -     -     (37,628)     -     - </td <td>Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities</td> <td></td> <td>(1,723,955)</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(53,135)</td> <td>(1,777,090)</td>	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(1,723,955)		-		(53,135)	(1,777,090)
Transfers from (to) Other Programs     2,054,300     -     (2,054,300)     -       Net Cash Provided by Operating     Activities     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734       CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING     Cash FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCI	Gain (Loss) on Sale of Loans		1,160,010		(1,796,588)		(106,890)	(743,468)
Net Cash Provided by Operating     Activities     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734	State Rental Subsidy Program		(37,628)		-		-	(37,628)
Activities     3,810,951     5,533,367     6,937,416     16,281,734       CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	Transfers from (to) Other Programs		2,054,300		-		(2,054,300)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	Net Cash Provided by Operating			-				
	Activities		3,810,951		5,533,367		6,937,416	16,281,734
ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING							
	ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Notes 133,000,000 177,860,805 - 310,860,805	Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Notes		133,000,000		177,860,805		-	310,860,805
Payment of Bond and Note Principal (144,501,877) - (318,640) (144,820,517	Payment of Bond and Note Principal		(144,501,877)		-		(318,640)	(144,820,517)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes (1,547,189) - (1,145,793) (2,692,982	Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes		(1,547,189)		-		(1,145,793)	(2,692,982)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Noncapital Financing (13,049,066) 177,860,805 (1,464,433) 163,347,306	Noncapital Financing		(13,049,066)		177,860,805		(1,464,433)	163,347,306
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Redemption of Investments 107,342,904 24,087,346 - 131,430,250	Redemption of Investments		107,342,904		24,087,346		-	131,430,250
Earnings on Investments 190,940 4,311,625 2,081 4,504,646	Earnings on Investments		190,940		4,311,625		2,081	4,504,646
Purchase of Investments (107,195,159) (60,973,110) (38) (168,168,307	Purchase of Investments		(107,195,159)		(60,973,110)		(38)	(168,168,307)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	Net Cash Provided (Used) by		· · ·		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			 <u>,                                     </u>
Investing Activities 338,685 (32,574,139) 2,043 (32,233,411	Investing Activities		338,685		(32,574,139)		2,043	 (32,233,411)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND							
	· · · ·		(8,899,430)		150,820,033		5,475,026	147,395,629
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year 135,115,116 172,138,533 42,858,147 350,111,796	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		135,115,116		172,138,533		42,858,147	 350,111,796
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 126,215,686 \$ 322,958,566 \$ 48,333,173 \$ 497,507,425	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	126,215,686	\$	322,958,566	\$	48,333,173	\$ 497,507,425

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

	Ор	erating Fund	S	ingle-Family Fund	N	lulti-Family Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		-					
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:							
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	668,407	\$	4,600,064	\$	3,241,361	\$ 8,509,832
Adjustments:							
Earnings on Investments		(190,940)		(4,311,625)		(2,081)	(4,504,646)
Net (Increase) Decrease in Fair Value of							
Investments		15,797		(3,345,019)		20,444	(3,308,778)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes		1,547,189		-		1,145,793	2,692,982
Amortization of Bond Premium/Discount				(1,916,020)		469	(1,915,551)
Transfer of investments and/or Net Position		2,054,300		-		(2,054,300)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:							
Loans Receivable/Loss Allowance		11,820,678		4,472,351		1,486,135	17,779,164
Accrued Interest - Loans		55,159		(12,207)		(46,748)	(3,796)
Accrued Interest - Investments		440		(89,797)		(20,687)	(110,044)
Accounts Receivable, Net		(2,121,215)		-		-	(2,121,215)
Other Assets		1,262,888		(172,911)		14,259	1,104,236
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows		(29,532)		38		-	(29,494)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:							
Accrued Interest - Bonds and Notes		80,179		6,311,507		2,989,305	9,380,991
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(1,723,955)		-		(53,135)	(1,777,090)
Fees, Net		385,186		(3,014)		(19,286)	362,886
Escrow Deposits		(10,013,630)		-		235,887	(9,777,743)
Total Adjustments		3,142,544		933,303		3,696,055	7,771,902
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$	3,810,951	\$	5,533,367	\$	6,937,416	\$ 16,281,734

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

ASSETS Loans Receivable Less Allowance for Loan Losses Loans Receivable, Net	\$ 39,530,603 (4,000,000) 35,530,603
Investments Accrued Interest - Loans Accrued Interest - Investments Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net Other Assets, Net	40,383 68,637 33 76,308,986 17,781 403,137
Total Assets	\$ 112,369,560
LIABILITIES	\$ -
<b>NET POSITION</b> Restricted for Organizations Total Liabilities and Net Position	112,369,560 \$ 112,369,560

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

REVENUES		
Interest Income on Loans	\$	235,150
Earnings on Investments:		
Interest on Investments		6,513
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments		7
Trust Receipts		19,382
Total Revenues		261,052
EXPENSES Housing Initiatives Total Expenses		250,000 250,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		11,052
Net Position - Beginning of Year	11	2,358,508
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 11	2,369,560

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Organization and Description of Financial Reporting Entity

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the Corporation) is a public instrumentality established in 1973 by an Act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation was created to originate loans and administer other activities to expand the supply of housing available to persons of low and moderate income and to stimulate the construction and rehabilitation of housing and health care facilities in the State of Rhode Island (the State). It has the power to issue negotiable notes and bonds to achieve its corporate purpose. The notes and bonds do not constitute a debt of the State, and the State is not liable for the repayment of such obligations.

The Corporation is considered a component unit of the State and is included in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The Corporation is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

In evaluating the inclusion of other separate and distinct legal entities as component units within its financial reporting structure, the Corporation applies the criteria prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Through the application of GASB criteria, the Corporation determined that the Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a component unit of the Corporation and the Trust has been presented in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements. Control over and financial accountability for the Trust is determined based on appointment by a voting majority of the Trust's trustees.

## B. Affordable Housing Trust Fund

The Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a separate legal entity created pursuant to a trust agreement initiated by the Corporation. The Trust is a private-purpose trust established to assist in activities that involve the creation and preservation of affordable housing in the State. All resources of the Trust, including income on investments and other revenues, are held in trust for the benefit of private and not-for-profit organizations. Trust receipts are derived from payments related to affordable housing preservation transactions and funds received to administer housing programs. There is no requirement that any portion of the Trust's resources be preserved as capital. The Trust administers its affairs through its trustees, records its assets in segregated accounts, and maintains financial records separate from the Corporation.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## C. Financial Statements Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities. Business-type activities are activities that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The accompanying combining statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows (enterprise fund financial statements) present the financial information of the Corporation.

The Corporation classifies its business-type activities into funds, reported as separate columns within the enterprise fund financial statements, each representing a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts segregated to carry on specific activities in accordance with bond resolutions established under various trust indentures, special regulations restrictions, or limitations. All inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the combining totals in the accompanying financial statements. Transfers between funds are made to cover the operating costs associated with management of bond resolutions. Transfers also consist of reimbursement of collateral for bond resolutions previously funded by the operating fund.

The Operating Fund accounts for the receipt of income not directly pledged to the repayment of specific bonds and notes, expenses related to the Corporation's administrative functions, and for various housing program activities that are not covered by bond resolutions. The Operating Fund also accounts for the activities of the Corporation's two separate subsidiaries: Rhode Island Housing Equity Corporation and Rhode Island Housing Development Corporation. The Single-Family Housing Fund includes transactions and programs designed to provide affordable housing to eligible persons and families within the State for properties with one to four dwelling units. All loans whether originated by the Corporation or purchased from participating lenders, are in compliance with bond resolutions. The Multi-Family Fund includes financing activities with the intent to originate multi-family loans secured by a lien.

The Trust engages only in fiduciary activities. Separate financial statements are presented for the Trust as fiduciary activities are excluded from presentation in enterprise fund financial statements.

The Corporation and the Trust use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by GASB, which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# C. Financial Statements Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The Corporation has presented an unclassified combining statement of net position in accordance with financial institution industry trade practice. Although contractual terms define the principal amount of loans receivable and the amount of principal required to be paid on bonds and notes payable within one year from the date of the combining statement of net position, the actual principal amounts received on loans and repaid on bonds and notes are significantly affected by changes in interest rates, economic conditions, and other factors. Consequently, the principal amount of loans receivable and the principal amount payable for bonds and notes based on contractual terms would not be representative of actual amounts received or paid, and such amounts are not reliably estimable.

The Corporation distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Corporation's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of services provided, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization expense. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## D. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans receivables are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs and the allowance for loan losses.

In general, interest income on loans receivable is recognized on the accrual basis. A loan is considered delinquent when payments are not made in accordance with contractual terms. Loans go into "nonaccrual status" when loan payments are delinquent for ninety days or more. Interest income is no longer accrued, and any accrued interest is reversed. Loans are returned to accrual status when all amounts contractually due are brought current or the loans have been restructured and future payments are reasonably assured. For certain deferred loans which specify that interest is payable based on available cash flow or the availability of other specified sources, related interest is recorded as income when received.

Losses on loans are provided for under the allowance method of accounting. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to operating expenses and by recoveries of previously charged-off loans. The allowance is decreased as loans are charged off.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## D. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The allowance represents an amount that management believes will be adequate to provide for potential loan losses based on an evaluation of collectability and prior loss experience, known and inherent risk in the portfolio, changes in the nature, and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, specifically identified high risk loans, the estimated value of the underlying collateral, current and anticipated economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay, historical loss experience, and the types of mortgage insurance or guarantee programs provided by outside parties. Substantially all loans are secured by real estate in Rhode Island; accordingly, the ultimate collectability of the loans is susceptible to changes in market conditions in this area. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate. While management uses available information to recognize losses on loans, evaluation assessments made by management are inherently subjective and future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used at the time of the evaluation.

Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value in the aggregate. Such loans are presented as loans held for sale on the accompanying statements of net position. Gains and losses from sales of loans are recognized based upon the difference between the fair value of mortgagebacked securities forward contracts at date of commitment and the carrying value of the underlying loans.

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent funds on deposit with various financial institutions and funds held by the trustees of the various bond programs. Deposits held in financial institutions and all highly liquid investments, such as U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes, with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### F. Investments

Investments held by the Corporation consist of those permitted by the various bond resolutions and the Corporation's investment policy. Investments include securities of the U.S. Government and of U.S. Government agencies, securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government and U.S. Government agencies, savings accounts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## F. Investments (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 (GASB 31), money market investments having a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are reported at amortized cost if the fair value of such investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable and nontransferable guaranteed investment contracts, which are redeemable at contract or stated value rather than fair value based on current market rates and certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported at cost or amortized cost provided that the fair value of such contracts is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. Investments not reported at cost or amortized cost are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB No. 31. The fair value of securities is provided by an investment trustee as reported at fair value approximate their fair value.

All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the Corporation's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and in the Trust's statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The Corporation records a liability for the portion of investment income that is rebate able to the United States government under Section 103A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, (the Code) for tax-exempt bonds sold after 1981. The Code requires that such excess investment income be remitted to the Internal Revenue Service. Such rebate able investment income is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying statements of net position and recorded within operating expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

## G. Bond Issuance Costs, Premiums, Discounts, and Early Retirements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, costs associated with issuing bonds are reported in the combining statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the year the bond is issued. In addition, when refinancing debt, the costs associated with the refinanced bond are also reported in the combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the year in which the bond is refinanced.

Premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized using a method that approximates the interest method over the life of the related issue or to the date the Corporation has the option to redeem the bonds.

The Corporation periodically retires bonds prior to their redemption date. Any premium paid on the call related to the early retirement of bonds that are not refunded is reported in the combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Other Assets

Other assets of the Corporation are principally comprised of property and equipment, certain other real estate owned, and deferred servicing costs related to service release premiums paid to participating originating lenders for origination of single-family loans. The Corporation depreciates property and equipment on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated lives, which range from 3 to 40 years.

The Corporation states its other real estate owned acquired through or in lieu of foreclosure at the lower of cost or fair value less the cost to sell. Fair value of such assets is determined based on independent appraisals and other relevant factors. Other real estate owned in the Single-Family Fund is partially insured or guaranteed by outside parties and it is anticipated that the Corporation will recover substantially all the balance of these assets through such insurance and from proceeds from the sale of the underlying properties. The Corporation holds such properties for subsequent sale in a manner that will allow maximization of value. Carrying costs relating to other real estate owned are recorded in the Operating Fund.

## I. Total Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. The measurement date for the reported liability was June 30, 2020.

The Corporation reports total OPEB liability as a component of accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the combining statement of net position.

## J. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent the consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Corporation reports deferred outflows of resources related to loan origination costs in the statement of net position. Expenses will be recognized once the related loans are sold.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources (Continued)

Fair values of both hedging derivatives and investment derivatives (if any) are presented on the combining statements of net position either as a derivative liability (negative fair value) or as a derivative asset (positive fair value). The difference between the notional amount and fair value of the derivatives that are determined to be effective hedges is recorded as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the Corporation's combining statements of net position. The Corporation currently has one type of derivative instrument outstanding: mortgage-backed security forward contracts.

The Corporation reports deferred outflows and inflows related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) in the statement of net position which result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs and contributions after the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits, the one exception being contributions made after the measurement date which are recognized as OPEB expense in the following year.

#### K. Net Position

Net position is classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents the net book value of all capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds and other debt and deferred inflows of resources, if any, used to acquire, construct, or improve these assets, and increased by deferred outflows of resources related to those assets, if any. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets that have been limited in use as specified either externally by creditors, contributors, laws, or government regulations, or internally by enabling legislation or law. Restricted assets are reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. Unrestricted net position consists of amounts not included in net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## K. Net Position (Continued)

The Corporation classifies all net position amounts associated with its bond resolutions as restricted net position. Under bond indentures, all assets assigned to these programs are pledged for the benefit of the bondholders of each program; consequently, the Corporation classifies all such amounts, while retained in the bond programs, as restricted. Transfers from the bond programs to the Operating Fund are made when transfers are approved and authorized by the Corporation's management and such amounts are not specifically required to be retained within the bond program. Transfers during the period ended September 30, 2021, include cash transfers for reimbursement of activities in support of the bond programs.

Restricted net position in the Operating Fund is comprised of the amount of assets required to be pledged as collateral to a lender in excess of outstanding amounts borrowed, as well as assets restricted for federal programs. At September 30, 2021, the restricted amount totaled \$4,458,774.

#### L. Interest Income on Loans

The Corporation presents two categories of interest income. The first category, "interest income on loans," represents the interest component of the mortgagors' payments due to all mortgage servicing entities (including the Corporation's Operating Fund). The second category, "interest income attributable to internal servicing activities," represents compensation earned for mortgage servicing for those loans serviced by the Corporation. Together, these two components comprise interest income on loans owned by the Corporation.

#### M. Use of Estimates

Management has made several estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities when preparing the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N. Fee and Grant Revenue

Recognition of grant revenue is based on the susceptibility of accrual as determined by the legal and contractual requirements established by each grantor. For grants not restrictive as to specific purposes and revocable only for failure to comply with general prescribed requirements, revenues are recognized when actually received. Where expenditure is the prime factor in determining eligibility, grant revenue is recognized as allowable expenditures are made. Fee income is accrued as earned and includes fees received from loan originations, securitization premiums, loan servicing fees and Section 8 administrative fees received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), including administrative fees that are paid by HUD to the Corporation under the Performance-Based Contract Administration (PBCA) contract for certain Section 8 projects throughout Rhode Island.

## NOTE 2 RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are restricted by covenants and agreements as a result of transactions, including bond sales, mortgages generated with lending institutions, and funding provided by HUD programs. All Assets in the Single-Family and Multi-Family funds are restricted. Restricted assets in the Operating Fund include Cash and Cash Equivalents, Investments, Loans, and Other Assets. At September 30, 2021, restricted assets in the Operating Fund totaled \$643,309,980.

## NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Corporation provides single-family mortgage loans to qualified borrowers in the State. The mortgage loans are generally required to be insured through the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Administration (VA) or USDA Rural Development, or conventionally financed with traditional primary mortgage insurance. Under the single-family program guidelines, conventionally financed single-family mortgage loans with an initial loan-to-value ratio of greater than 80% are insured by private mortgage insurance carriers. As these loans amortize and the loan-to-value ratio falls below 80%, the private mortgage insurance coverage may be terminated.

## NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2021, the single-family mortgage loan balances in the Single-Family Fund are insured, subject to maximum insurable limits as follows:

Private Mortgage Insurance	\$ 91,563,486
FHA Insurance	140,481,145
VA Guaranteed	3,700,551
USDA/RD Guaranteed	4,283,443
Uninsured	140,219,415
Total	\$ 380,248,040

The FHA program insures the repayment of the unpaid principal amount of the mortgage upon foreclosure and conveyance of title to the Secretary of HUD. The insurance proceeds are usually paid in cash, but at the discretion of the Secretary, may be settled through issuance of 20-year debentures. The VA mortgage loan guarantee covers from 25% up to 50% of the original principal amount of a loan up to a maximum of \$60,000 depending on the loan amount. Private mortgage insurers must be qualified to insure mortgages purchased by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and must be authorized to do business in the State. Private mortgage insurance typically covers between 6% and 35% of claims depending upon the premium plan and coverage selected when the loan is originated. The risk exists that if these private mortgage insurance companies are not able to honor claims, these loans would be considered uninsured.

The Corporation has entered into a risk-sharing agreement with HUD whereby HUD will provide partial mortgage insurance on affordable multi-family housing developments financed by the Corporation. The risk of loss to the Corporation varies from 10% to 50% depending on the level of participation by HUD. In the Multi-Family Fund and Operating Fund, loan balances at September 30, 2021 of \$371,115,508 and \$153,446,545, respectively, are insured under such agreements subject to maximum participation limits. At September 30, 2021, loan balances of \$6,431,079, in the Trust are also insured under such agreements.

In May 2012, the Corporation entered into an agreement with FNMA whereby single-family mortgage loans originated under the Corporation's program guidelines may be sold directly to FNMA or pooled into a mortgage-backed security that will be guaranteed by FNMA. As of September 30, 2021, 2,730 loans had been sold directly to FNMA and eight mortgage-backed securities had been issued.

## NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As of September 30, 2021, the percentage of loan dollars that are in a first lien position by fund is as follows:

Operating	51.0%
Single-Family	89.7%
Multi-Family	99.5%
Affordable Housing Trust	30.6%

The payment of interest by borrowers on certain loans recorded in the Corporation's Operating Fund, Single-Family Fund, and Multi-Family Fund is deferred and payable by borrowers only from available cash flow, as defined in the loan agreements or other specified sources. Interest income on such loans is recorded as revenue when received from the borrower. For the three months ended September 30, 2021, interest received under such deferred loan arrangements was \$135,905 in the Operating Fund and \$234,422 in the Single-Family Fund. In addition, the Corporation administers certain federal and state loan programs, which are either deferred forgivable loans or noninterest bearing. Loans under these programs totaled \$221,681,220 at September 30, 2021.

At September 30, 2021, principal balances outstanding under deferred and noninterestbearing loan arrangements are as follows:

Operating Fund:	
Single-Family Loans	\$ 42,336,610
Multi-Family Loans	247,263,298
Subtotal	289,599,908
Single-Family Fund:	
Single-Family Loans	14,158,851
Total	\$ 303,758,759

Certain loans recorded in the Corporation's Operating Fund and Single-Family Fund are on nonaccrual status due to delinquency over 90 days. At September 30, 2021, principal outstanding under such nonaccrual status loans is as follows:

Operating Fund:	
Single-Family Loans	\$ 11,491,298
Multi-Family Loans	 -
Subtotal	11,491,298
Single-Family Fund:	
Single-Family Loans	 25,558,025
Total	\$ 37,049,323

# NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

A summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

Balance - Beginning of Year	\$ 46,000,000
Loans Charged Off, Net of Recoveries	(27,167)
Write-Down of REO Properties	-
Provision for Loan Losses	 -
Balance - End of Period	\$ 45,972,833

In addition to the allowance for loan losses, the Corporation maintains an escrow account funded by certain mortgage lenders (the Mortgage Lender's Reserve Account). This Mortgage Lenders Reserve Account equals a percentage of the outstanding principal balance of certain mortgage loans purchased from an applicable mortgage lender and is available to the Corporation in the event the proceeds realized upon the default and foreclosure of any covered mortgage loan is less than the amount due to the Corporation. At September 30, 2021, the Mortgage Lender's Reserve Account totaled \$294,868.

# NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Corporation assumes levels of custodial credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash and cash equivalents are exposed to custodial credit risk as follows: a) uninsured and uncollateralized; b) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the financial institution trust departments in the Corporation's or Trust's name; and c) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by financial institution trust departments or agents which are not held in the Corporation's or Trust's name.

The State requires that certain uninsured deposits of the State and State Agencies be collateralized. Section 35-10.1-7 of the General Laws of the State, dealing with the collateralization of public deposits, requires all time deposits with maturities of greater than 60 days and all deposits in institutions that do not meet its minimum capital standards as required by its Federal regulator be collateralized. The Corporation does not have any additional policy regarding custodial credit risk for its deposits.

## NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents in the Single-Family Fund and Multi-Family Fund are principally invested in short-term United States Government money market funds. The funds are rated AAA and invested only in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and Agency securities. Since the funds offer a floating rate that tends to move with other market U.S. risk-free rates, there is substantially no interest rate risk associated with these short-term investments. Because of the quality of the underlying securities in the asset pool and the institutions involved in the management and custody, there is no material credit or custodial risk in this portfolio. These investments are used as temporary cash management instruments. The fair value of these money market funds reflects the net asset value reported by the fund administrator which is a stable \$1 per unit. The underlying investments which are short-term cash equivalent type investments are generally carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value. There are no withdrawal limitations for the money market mutual funds.

#### **Investments**

The first objective of the Corporation investment strategy is to minimize risk and maximize the preservation of capital. All investments are to be made in a manner to minimize any risk which would jeopardize the safety of the principal invested. The second objective is to maintain sufficient liquidity to match cash flow requirements. The third objective is to maximize yield after satisfying the first two objectives. Other major considerations include diversification of risk and maintenance of credit ratings.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Board of Commissioners' (the Board) established an investment policy for the Corporation's Operating Fund that limits the maximum maturities or repricing maturities as follows:

Maturity	<u>Maximum Investment</u>
Less than One Year	100%
One to Five Years	25%
Greater than Five Years	0%

At September 30, 2021, the Operating Fund holds two investments with a maturity of greater than five years. These investments are marketable securities that are pledged as collateral to a lender for borrowings.

## NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Investments (Continued)**

While each of the bond resolutions contains investment policies which describe acceptable investments, there are no specific policies for percentage maximum investments with respect to the Single-Family Fund, Multi-Family Fund, and the Trust (collectively referred to as the Other Funds). The Corporation strives to match asset and liability maturities. The Corporation manages interest rate risk by considering variables such as mortgage prepayment frequency, expected asset lives, utilization of interest sensitivity gap (segmented time distribution), and simulation analysis.

Investments include mortgage-backed securities backed by government-insured singlefamily mortgage loans originated under the Corporation's program guidelines. These securities are pass-through securities which require monthly payments by an FHA-approved or Fannie Mae-approved lender and are guaranteed by either the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) or (FNMA). The securities are subject to interest rate risk due to prepayments and the fair value of the securities which vary with the change in market interest rates. The securities are intended to be held to maturity. The securities are held by the Single-Family and Operating Funds and are carried at fair value totaling \$594,500,409 at September 30, 2021.

The Corporation categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The Corporation has recurring fair value measurements in the form of Fixed Income Securities (U.S. Treasuries, mortgage-backed securities, and obligations of government-sponsored enterprises) as of September 30, 2021, \$122,181,338 in the Operating Fund, \$590,741,969 in the Single-Family Fund, \$1,670,871 in the Multi-Family Fund, and \$40,383 in the Trust that are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Included in Operating Fund investments are fair value measurements for escrow funds relating to homeowners and to multi-family developments. The Corporation does not measure the fair value of guaranteed investment contracts in the amount of \$2,883,495 in the Single-Family Fund as of September 30, 2021.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The current Board-approved policy requires all investments in the Operating Fund to be rated at least Single A by a nationally recognized rating agency. Generally, each of the bonded resolutions in the Single-Family Fund and Multi-Family Fund contain policies that require investments that do not impair the existing ratings on the related bonds. The Trust has no minimum rating requirements.

## NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Investments (Continued)**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer regardless of its credit history. The Board-approved policy for the Operating Fund limits the amount that may be invested with any one issuer as follows:

United States Government Obligations	100% of Portfolio
United States Agency Obligations	100% of Portfolio
Repurchase Agreements	50% of Portfolio
Collective Short-Term Funds	25% of Portfolio
All Other Investments	10% of Portfolio

Although there are no specific concentration policies for maximum percentage of investments, the Corporation attempts to diversify as much as possible given the limited number of issuers of AAA-rated investments.

At September 30, 2021, all Operating Fund investments were invested in securities of the U.S. Government and Agency securities, with no concentration of more than 5% of total Operating Fund investments in any particular agency for which the investments were not secured by the U.S. Government.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The policy in the Operating Fund is that all purchases are held in a safekeeping or custodial account at an approved safekeeping agent of the Corporation in the Corporation's name. At September 30, 2021, there were no investments in the Operating Fund subject to custodial credit risk.

There are no other specific custodial credit risk policies for the other funds. Most of the Corporation's investments in other funds are either in Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) in bonded resolutions, which are direct investments not subject to custodial credit risk, or in accounts managed by a financial advisory firm with underlying investments restricted to U.S. Government and Agency securities. At September 30, 2021, there were no investments in any of the other funds subject to custodial credit risk.

As established in the Board-approved investment policy, the Corporation can enter into interest rate swap agreements and other similar interest rate related derivative instruments to reduce interest rate mismatches between its loan and investment assets and its bond and note liabilities. These types of derivative instruments expose the Corporation to certain risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, and counterparty risk. At September 30, 2021, the Corporation was not party to any interest rate swap agreements. At September 30, 2021, the Corporation had entered into certain commitments to sell loans, which expose the Corporation to interest rate risk as discussed further in Note 9.

## NOTE 5 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable balance at September 30, 2021, is comprised of the following:

Due from Federal Government	\$	2,653,156
Tax Sale Receivables		2,038,083
Customer and Program Related Accounts		12,027,961
Total Receivable		16,719,200
Allowance	_	(442,066)
Receivable, Net	\$	16,277,134

## NOTE 6 OTHER ASSETS

Other assets, net, consisted of the following at September 30, 2021:

Real Estate Owned	\$ 1,480,107
Capital Assets (Depreciable), Net	9,729,605
Purchased Mortgage Servicing Rights and	
Excess Servicing, Net	12,134,298
Other Assets	 (189,123)
Total	\$ 23,154,887

Depreciation expense related to capital assets for the three months ended September 30, 2021, was \$139,897.

Amortization expense related to purchased mortgage servicing rights for the three months ended September 30, 2021, was \$471,102.

Other assets of the Trust consisted of federal program properties totaling \$403,137 at September 30, 2021.

## NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

The Corporation issues serial bonds and term bonds under various bond resolutions to provide permanent financing for the origination or purchase from participating originating lenders of single-family loans, to provide permanent financing for qualified housing developments, and to provide financing for other purposes.

#### NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Corporation obtains principally first and second mortgage liens on real property financed. The Corporation assigns such liens to the respective bonds when the mortgage loans are permanently financed using bond proceeds. Bonds and notes are secured by related revenues and assets of the respective programs in which the related bonds and notes payable are reported.

The provisions of the applicable trust indentures require or allow for the redemption of bonds by the Corporation through the use of unexpended bond proceeds and excess funds accumulated primarily through the prepayment of mortgage loans. All outstanding bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part at any time after certain dates, as specified in the respective bond series indentures.

Principal and interest on substantially all bonds is payable semi-annually.

The Corporation is required by the Internal Revenue Service as well as its various bond resolutions to comply with certain tax code provisions and bond covenants. The most significant of these include the following: all debt payments must be current, annual reports and budgets must be filed with the trustee, and the Corporation must comply with various restrictions on investment earnings from bond proceeds. The Corporation's management believes it was in compliance with these covenants as of September 30, 2021.

Bonds and notes payable at September 30, 2021, are as follows:

Description	 Amount
Operating Fund Bonds and Notes: Federal Home Loan Bank, due 2021 to 2027, Interest from 0.00% to 1.14%	\$ 11,175,000
Federal Financing Bank, due 2056 to 2060, Interest from 2.239% to 3.577%	146,110,404
General Obligation Bonds Series 2018, Mandatory Tender Bonds, due 2032, Interest at 3.12%	5,000,000
Notes Payable, due 2027 to 2048, Interest from 2.75% to 6.25%	15,225,921
Lines of Credit, Payable on Demand, Interest from .980% to 1.026% Total Operating Fund and Notes	\$ 71,000,000 248,511,325
Single-Family Fund: Homeownership Opportunity Bonds: Series 10-A:	
Term Bonds, due 2022 to 2027, Interest at 6.50%	\$ 940,000

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	 Amount
Single-Family Fund (Continued): Homeownership Opportunity Bonds (Continued): Series 15-A: Term Bonds, due 2024, Interest at 6.85%	\$ 380,000
Series 46-T: Term Bonds, due 2034, Interest at Variable Rate	15,000,000
Series 48-T: Term Bonds, due 2034, Interest at Variable Rate	15,000,000
Series 63-A: Term Bonds, due 2027 to 2040, Interest from 3.50% to 4.00%	9,555,000
Series 63-C: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2022, Interest from 3.35% to 3.50% Term Bonds, due 2025, Interest at 3.75%	 2,330,000 3,540,000 5,870,000
Series 64-T: Term Bonds, due 2023 to 2034, Interest from 3.00% to 4.00%	14,245,000
Series 65-T: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2025, Interest from 3.286% to 3.886% Term Bonds, due 2029 to 2039, Interest from 2.913% to 4.433%	16,595,000 7,415,000
Series 66 A-1: Term Bonds, due 2033, Interest at 4.00%	24,010,000 6,100,000
Series 66 A-2: Term Bonds, due 2032, Interest at 4.00%	1,005,000
Series 66 C-2: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2026, Interest from 2.70% to 3.65%	11,300,000
Series 67-A: Term Bonds, due 2041, Interest at 3.55%	3,950,000

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

<u>Description</u>	Amount
Single-Family Fund (Continued): Homeownership Opportunity Bonds (Continued): Series 67-B: Term Bonds, due 2026 to 2046, Interest from 2.40% to 3.55%	\$ 5,190,000
Series 67-C: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2027, Interest from 1.90% to 3.00% Term Bonds, due 1030 to 2038, Interest from 3.25% to 3.50%	11,095,000 10,640,000
	21,735,000
Series 68-B: Term Bonds, due 2031 to 2046, Interest from 3.00% to 3.40%	25,360,000
Series 68-C: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2026, Interest from 1.80% to 2.65% Term Bonds, due 2031 to 2039, Interest from	26,445,000
3.15% to 3.50%	68,590,000
Series 69-A: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2029, Interest from 2.20% to 3.50%	95,035,000 13,300,000
Series 69-B: Term Bonds, due 2033 to 2048, Interest from 3.55% to 4.00%	24,280,000
Series 69-T: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2024, Interest from 3.10% to 3.40%	4,745,000
Series 70: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2031, Interest from 1.55% to 2.55% Term Bonds, due 2034 to 2049, Interest from 2.80% to 4.00%	27,985,000 <u>89,870,000</u>
	117,855,000

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	Amount
Single-Family Fund (Continued): Homeownership Opportunity Bonds (Continued): Series 71: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2032, Interest from	
1.35% to 2.55% Term Bonds, due 2034 to 2049, Interest from	\$ 25,855,000
2.75% to 3.75%	<u>68,465,000</u> 94,320,000
Series 72-A:	- ,,
Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2032, Interest from 0.40% to 2.20%	16,025,000
Term Bonds, due 2035 to 2050, Interest from 2.30% to 3.50%	42,265,000
Series 73-A:	58,290,000
Serial Bonds, due 2025 to 2032, Interest from 0.80% to 1.98%	28,815,000
Term Bonds, due 2035 to 2050, Interest from	
2.10% to 3.00%	<u>97,590,000</u> 126,405,000
Series 73-T:	
Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2025, Interest from .65% to 1.25%	14,900,000
Series 74:	
Serial Bonds, due 2022 to 2033, Interest from 1.30% to 5.00%	62,360,000
Term Bonds, due 2036 to 2049, Interest from	
2.125% to 3.00%	72,700,000
Series 75-A:	135,060,000
Serial Bonds, due 2022 to 2023, Interest from 0.100% to 1.95%	29,690,000
Term Bonds, due 2036 to 2051, Interest from 2.05% to 3.00%	114,900,000
Series 75-T:	144,590,000
Serial Bonds, due 2022 to 2028, Interest from	
.20% to 1.55%	27,865,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	28,044,319
Subtotal	1,044,329,319

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	Amount
Single-Family Fund (Continued): Home Funding Bonds: Series 2, Subseries 2C: Term Bonds, due 2041, Interest at 2.73%	\$ 15,230,000
Series 5: Term Bonds, due 2028 to 2040, Interest from 2.75% to 3.35%	17,540,000
Unamortized Bond Premium Subtotal	258,035 33,028,035
Total Single-Family Fund	1,077,357,354
Multi-Family Funding Bonds: 2009 Series A, Subseries 2009A-1: Term Bonds, due 2051, Interest at 3.01%	51,000,000
2009 Series A, Subseries 2009A-2: Term Bonds, due 2051, Interest at 2.32%	14,100,000
2010 Series A: Serial Bonds, due 2021, Interest at 4.00% Term Bonds, due 2025 to 2035, Interest from 4.625% to 5.25%	375,000
2011 Series A: Term Bonds, due 2021 to 2032, Interest from 3.125% to 4.625% Subtotal	15,925,000 <u>3,575,000</u> 84,600,000
Multi-Family Development Bonds: 2013 Series 1-B: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2023, Interest from	
Term Bonds, due 2027 to 2048, Interest from	
3.25% to 4.125%	<u>28,780,000</u> 30,135,000
2013 Series 1-B: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2023, Interest from 2.45% to 2.85%	1,355,000 28,780,000 30,135,000

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	Amount
Multi-Family Development Bonds (Continued): 2014 Series 3-B: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2025, Interest from 2.35% to 2.95% Term Bonds, due 2029 to 2049, Interest from 3.40% to 4.125%	\$     1,105,000 13,715,000
2016 Series 1-B: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2026, Interest from 1.50% to 2.650% Term Bonds, due 2031 to 2056, Interest from 3.15% to 4.10%	14,820,000 1,010,000 <u>15,350,000</u> 16,360,000
2016 Series 1-C: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2026, Interest from 1.80% to 3.00% Term Bonds, due 2031 to 2041, Interest from 3.50% to 4.10%	2,730,000 <u>15,170,000</u> 17,900,000
2017 Series 1-B: Term Bonds, due 2052, Interest at 4.20%	1,570,000
2017 Series 2-T: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2028, Interest from 2.449% to 3.639%	7,305,000
2017 Series 4-B: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2028, Interest from 2.00% to 3.05% Term Bonds, due 2032 to 2037, Interest from 3.35% to 3.80%	2,435,000 <u>31,620,000</u> 34,055,000
2019 Series 1-A: Serial Bonds, due 2049, Interest at 1.70%	12,000,000
2019 Series 1-B: Serial Bonds, due 2022 to 2031, Interest from 1.55% to 2.40% Term Bonds, due 2034 to 2059, Interest from 2.75% to 3.40%	3,445,000 <u>32,555,000</u> 36,000,000

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	Ar	nount
Multi-Family Development Bonds (Continued): 2019 Series 2-T: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2031, Interest from		
1.95% to 2.95% Term Bonds, due 2039 to 2051, Interest from	\$	2,055,000
3.30% to 3.50%		9,570,000 1,625,000
2020 Series 1-T: Term Bonds, due 2021 to 2038, Interest from 0.807% to 2.993%	4	3,875,000
2021 Series 1-A: Term Bonds, due 2040, Interest at 0.45%	2	3,650,000
2021 Series 1-B: Serial Bonds, due 2023 to 2032, Interest from 0.35% to 1.85% Term Bonds, due 2035 to 2040, Interest from		1,230,000
2.00% to 2.15%		9,520,000 0,750,000
2021 Series 2-T: Serial Bonds, due 2021 to 2032, Interest from 0.397% to 2.39% Term Bonds, due 2035 to 2040, Interest from	1	8,650,000
2.54% to 3.032%		8,745,000 7,395,000
Unamortized Bond Discount Subtotal	30	<u>(31,554)</u> 7,408,446
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds and Notes: Series 2015 (Charles Place):		
Note Payable, due 2045, Interest at 4.16%	2	3,587,118
Series 2016 (EPN): Note Payable, due 2033, Interest at 4.07%	1	5,033,900
Series 2017 (Colony House): Note Payable, due 2050, Interest at 4.99%	1	3,864,500

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description	Amount
Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds and Notes (Continued): Series 2017 (Lippitt Mill Apartments): Note Payable, due 2035, Interest at Variable Rate	\$ 9,000,000
Series 2017A-B (Oxford Place Gardens): Note Payable, due 2034, Interest at 4.99%	3,044,498
Series 2018 (Curtis Arms): Note Payable, due 2034, Interest at 4.99%	14,000,000
Series 2020 (Festival Fields): Note Payable, due 2036, Interest at 3.45% Subtotal	39,145,459 117,675,475
Total Multi-Family Fund	509,683,921
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 1,835,552,600

The Operating Fund's lines of credit were established with financial institutions primarily to make funds available for the origination, or purchase from participating originating lenders, of single-family loans prior to the receipt of the respective bond proceeds. At September 30, 2021, the Corporation may borrow up to a maximum of \$135,000,000 under various revolving loan agreements expiring between November 2021 and August 2022. Borrowings under the lines of credit are payable on demand and are unsecured. One line of credit has a variable interest rate. As of September 30, 2021, the borrowings were \$ 8,000,000 and the rate was .98%. The remaining line of credit agreements have fixed interest rates which range from .0998% to 1.026%. Outstanding borrowings under these agreements totaled \$63,000,000 at September 30, 2021.

The Corporation entered into a standby letter of credit agreement with a financial institution whereby the financial institution guarantees payment not to exceed \$1,400,000 to the beneficiary in the event of a request for drawing made by the beneficiary.

Homeownership Opportunity Bonds Series 46-T and 48-T bear interest at taxable rates established monthly or quarterly, which range from 0.445% to 0.465% at September 30, 2021. One Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond bears interest daily with a rate of 1.833% at September 30, 2021.

# NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Bonds and notes payable activity for the three months ended September 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Reductions			Ending Balance		
Bonds and Notes Payable:								
General Obligations Bonds	\$ 5,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000,000	
Unsecured Notes	82,009,000		125,000,000		(136,009,000)		71,000,000	
Secured Notes	173,004,200		4,000,000		(4,492,876)		172,511,324	
Revenue Bonds	1,411,414,662		175,945,254		(318,640)		1,587,041,276	
Totals	\$ 1,671,427,862	\$	304,945,254	\$	(140,820,516)	\$	1,835,552,600	

The schedule below reflects bond and note maturities, and related interest for each fiscal year relating to the respective bonds and notes as of September 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands):

		ng Fund /Notes	Single- Fund E	-	Multi-Family Fund Bonds/Notes			
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2022	\$ 68,538	\$ 4,733	\$ 33,010	\$ 28,876	\$ 4,620	\$ 16,890		
2023	10,134	5,293	37,880	28,001	5,490	16,782		
2024	7,233	5,133	36,430	27,007	6,935	16,650		
2025	2,338	4,902	36,660	26,039	7,365	16,491		
2026	2,447	4,823	38,855	25,109	9,155	16,307		
2027-2031	21,248	22,608	202,055	24,121	48,130	16,088		
2032-2036	17,583	19,929	176,390	19,145	101,695	14,777		
2037-2041	21,167	16,679	164,550	14,762	147,015	11,183		
2042-2046	23,913	12,985	169,370	10,294	66,127	6,683		
2047-2051	27,855	9,095	149,370	5,201	84,973	4,313		
2052-2056	34,629	4,487	4,485	135	16,920	986		
2057-2061	11,426	415			11,290	391		
Totals	\$ 248,511	\$ 111,082	\$ 1,049,055	\$ 208,690	\$ 509,715	\$ 137,541		

Changes in direct borrowings and placements for the year for the three months ended September 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due within One Year	
Bonds and Notes Payable:										
General obligations bonds	\$	5,000,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,000,000	\$	-
Notes from direct borrowings and direct placements		108,509,890		129,000,000		(140,108,970)		97,400,920		75,444,734
Totals	\$	113,509,890	\$	129,000,000	\$	(140,108,970)	\$	102,400,920	\$	75,444,734

Debt service requirements on direct borrowings and placements at September 30, 2021 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Business Type Activities							
		Notes from Direct Borrowings						
		Bor	nds		a	nd Direct F	Place	ments
Fiscal Year	Ρ	rincipal	Int	erest	Р	rincipal		nterest
2022	\$	-	\$	156	\$	67,332	\$	1,334
2023		-		156		8,460		856
2024		5,000		78		482		824
2025		-		-		505		723
2026		-		-		529		699
2027-2031		-		-		10,228		2,908
2032-2036		-		-		3,737		2,045
2037-2041		-		-		3,764		1,084
2042-2046		-		-		2,032		274
2047-2051		-		-	332		21	
Totals	\$	5,000	\$	390	\$	97,401	\$	10,768

## NOTE 8 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in connection with its commitments to provide financing. Such commitments expose the Corporation to credit risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the accompanying combining statements of net position. The Corporation's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the borrowers is represented by the contractual amount of such instruments. The Corporation uses the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

# NOTE 8 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Total credit exposure as a result of loan commitments at September 30, 2021, is as follows:

Single-Family Fund	\$ -
Operating Fund	102,330,423
Multi-Family Fund Trust	-
Trust	6,716,045
Total	\$ 109,046,468

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a borrower as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. The Corporation evaluates each borrower's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. Interest rates on approved loan commitments are principally fixed rates.

The Corporation has entered into contracts with multiple developments under the Neighborhood Opportunities Program to fund projects over the next seven years for a total of \$6,442,339, subject to the availability of funds. As of September 30, 2021, \$5,344,591 has been paid under these contracts.

The Corporation is party to certain claims and lawsuits which are being contested, certain of which the Corporation and respective legal counsel are unable to determine the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome or the amount or range of potential loss. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions and claims will not have a material adverse effect on either the financial position or the results of operations of the Corporation.

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God for which the Corporation carries commercial insurance. Neither the Corporation nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Corporation's insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in any insurance coverage from amounts in the prior year. The Corporation also is self-insured for unemployment compensation, and no accrual has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for claims expected to arise from services rendered on or before September 30, 2021, because the Corporation officials are of the opinion that, based on prior experience, such claims will not be material.

## NOTE 9 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

In July 2013, the Corporation converted its loan funding platform from a mortgage revenue bond program to a program primarily financed through the sale of whole loans and mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by FNMA and GNMA as to timely payment of principal and interest. The securities represent pools of qualified first mortgage loans originated by the Corporation approved lenders. Under this program, the Corporation periodically enters into forward contracts to sell the securities to investors before the securities are ready for delivery (referred to as a to-be-announced or TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contract). The Corporation enters into TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts to hedge the interest rate risk for loan commitments made to originating mortgage lenders. TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts are derivative instruments due to one or more of the following factors that are not designated at the time the Corporation and the investor enter into the transaction: settlement factors; the reference rates or interest rates the security will bear; and notional amounts in the form of the principal amount of the future Mortgage-Backed Securities. In addition, payment to the Corporation by the investor is not required until the investor receives the security, enabling the investor to take a position on interest rates without making a payment. Finally, the TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts may be "net settled" because neither party is required to deliver or purchase an asset to settle the TBA Mortgage-Backed Securities Contract.

At September 30, 2021, TBA Mortgage-Backed Securities Contracts with a total notional amount of \$16,000,000 and fair market values totaling \$16,612,501 were outstanding, resulting in a hedging instrument of \$612,501. These contracts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and the fair values of such contracts are included in the combining statements of net position as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, the Corporation entered into commitments to sell loans to Fannie Mae with a total notional amount of \$7,000,000 and fair market values totaling \$7,277,031 resulting in a hedging instrument of \$277,031. These contracts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and the fair values of such contracts are also included in the combining statements of net position as deferred outflows of resources.

## NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

## Employee Benefit Plan

The Corporation has adopted an employee retirement plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The Corporation's 401(a) money Purchase Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution plan, administered by Voya Financial. Regular full-time employees who meet certain requirements as to length of service are eligible. The Corporation contributes a set percentage of an employee's annual eligible compensation to the Plan. The contribution requirements, and benefit provisions, are established and may be amended by management of the Corporation along with the Board of Commissioners. Contributions to the plan for the three months ended September 30, 2021, were \$444,340. The assets of the Plan were placed under a separate trust agreement for the benefit of the applicable employees and, therefore, are neither an asset nor a liability of the Corporation.

# NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## Postemployment Healthcare Plan

The Rhode Island Housing Retiree Healthcare Plan (RIHRHP) is a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Corporation. RIHRHP provides medical insurance benefits to eligible employees who retire from active full-time employment based on years of service and age.

RIHRHP currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of September 30, 2021, RIHRHP has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. Administration costs are financed from current operations. RIHRHP does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees become eligible at 28 years of service or at age 59<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> with ten years of service. RIHRHP pays a percentage of the cost of insurance, ranging from 50% to 100%, based on a combination of years of service and age. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by management of the Corporation along with the Board of Commissioners.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2019, the date of the last actuarial valuation.

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefits	32
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet	
Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	219
Total Plan Members	251

## Total OPEB Liability

RI Housing's total OPEB liability of \$9,508,274 is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

# NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date Measurement Date Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2021 Individual Entry-Age Normal 2.45% as of June 30, 2020; Based on the Municipal Bond Index Rate.
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases Demographic Assumptions	3.50% to 7.50% Due to the size of the plan, the demographic assumptions are not based on formal experience studies. However, gains and losses are monitored during each evaluation and adjustments are made to retirement and withdrawal assumptions as needed.
Mortality	For health retirees, the general- distinct PubG-2010 Health Retiree mortality tables are used. The rates are projected on a full generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the scale MP-2014 tables to account for future mortality improvements.
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	Pre-65: Initial rate of 7.00%, declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 14 years; Post-65: Initial rate of 6.00%, declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 10 years.
Participation Rates	70% for retirees with 10 to 15 years of service at retirement. 85% for retirees with 16 to 27 years of service at retirement. 100% for retirees with 28 or more years of service at retirement.

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest on Total OPEB Liability Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	522,439 248,792
of the Total OPEB Liability		9,438
Changes in Assumptions		1,115,337
Benefit Payments		(150,259)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		1,745,747
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	7,762,527
Total OPEB Liability - End of Period	\$	9,508,274
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	16,179,697
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		58.77%

# NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.13% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30, 2020.

The total OPEB Liability at September 30, 2021 of \$9,508,274 is included with accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the Operating Fund.

# Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 2.45% as of June 30, 2021, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

		Current				
		Discount				
	1% Decrease Rate					
	(1.45%)	(3.45%)				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,559,180	\$ 9,508,274	\$ 7,904,559			

## Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher: For the year ended June 30, 2021, the healthcare cost trend rates for members who are Pre-65 were 7.00% and for members who are Post-65 were 6.00%:

	Healthcare						
	Cost Trend Rate						
	1% Decrease	1% Increase					
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,589,727	\$ 9,508,274	\$ 12,118,894				

# NOTE 10 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

## **Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, RIHRHP recognized OPEB expense of \$832,251. At June 30, 2021, RIHRHP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 11,991	\$ 827,829
Changes in Assumptions	1,952,797	538,426
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	158,423	-
Totals	\$ 2,123,211	\$ 1,366,255

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

### Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows to be Recognized in Future OPEB Expense

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	Ou	Deferred utflows/ nflows)
2022	\$	61,020
2023		61,020
2024		61,020
2025		61,020
2026		61,020
Thereafter		293,433
Total	\$	598,533

## NOTE 11 OTHER CONTINGENCIES

Throughout the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the State of Rhode Island continues to be under a state of national emergency due to the COVID-19 outbreak. The Corporation derives a significant portion of its revenues from loans made to multi-family projects and single-family homeowners which may have both been impacted by business closures and job loss. This has resulted in an increase in delinquency and loans in forbearance. The situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated from these loans.

## NOTE 12 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Corporation has instructed its trustee to redeem the following bonds outstanding:

Date of Call	Principal Program	<u>Outstanding</u>
October 1, 2021	Homeownership Opportunity Bonds	\$9,365,000
October 1, 2021	Homeownership Opportunity Bonds	84,785,000
October 1, 2021	Home Funding Bonds	8,375,000

### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

		2021		2020		2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:							
Service Cost	\$	522,439	\$	544,653	\$	537,100	\$ 619,903
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		248,792		258,543		233,195	193,253
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-	-
Differences Between Expected and							
Actual Experience of Total OPEB Liability		9,438	(	(1,010,025)		4,859	
Changes in Assumptions		1,115,337		1,167,026		(72,478)	(754,007)
Benefit Payments		(150,259)		(134,837)		(94,763)	(76,424)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		1,745,747		825,360		607,913	 (17,275)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		7,762,527		6,937,167		6,329,254	6,346,529
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	9,508,274	\$	7,762,527	\$	6,937,167	\$ 6,329,254
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1	6,179,697	\$ 1	16,567,803	\$ 1	16,562,167	\$ 13,634,804
Total OPEB liability as a Percentage of							
Covered-Employee Payroll		58.77%		46.85%		41.89%	46.42%

\* This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

ASSETS	Homeownership Opportunity Bond Program	Home Funding Bond Program	Single-Family Fund Totals			
Loans Receivable	\$ 370,082,353	\$ 10,165,687	\$ 380,248,040			
Less Allowance for Loan Losses	(13,998,264)	φ 10,100,007	(13,998,264)			
Loans Receivable, Net	356,084,089	10,165,687	366,249,776			
Investments	575,303,480	18,321,984	593,625,464			
Accrued Interest - Loans	1,113,226	28,634	1,141,860			
Accrued Interest - Investments	1,627,837	56,916	1,684,753			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	311,045,167	11,913,399	322,958,566			
Accounts Receivable	74,621	-	74,621			
Other Assets, Net	473,532	3,824	477,356			
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	(26,397)	18,597	(7,800)			
Total Assets	1,245,695,555	40,509,041	1,286,204,596			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Loan Origination Costs	2,208		2,208			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	\$1,245,697,763	\$ 40,509,041	\$1,286,206,804			
LIABILITIES						
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$1,044,329,319	\$ 33,028,035	\$1,077,357,354			
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	11,628,921	488,785	12,117,706			
Fees, Net	82,947	+00,703	82,947			
Total Liabilities	1,056,041,187	33,516,820	1,089,558,007			
NET POSITION						
Net Position - Restricted	189,656,576	6,992,221	196,648,797			
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$1,245,697,763	\$ 40,509,041	\$1,286,206,804			

## RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

	Homeownership Opportunity Bond Program	Home Funding Bond Program	Single-Family Fund Totals
OPERATING REVENUES			
Interest Income on Loans	\$ 4,041,432	\$ 116,946	\$ 4,158,378
Earnings on Investments:			
Interest on Investments	4,225,182	176,240	4,401,422
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value			
of Investments	3,436,087	(91,068)	3,345,019
Total Operating Revenues	11,702,701	202,118	11,904,819
OPERATING EXPENSES Interest Expenses REO Expenditures Bond Issuance Costs Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets Loan Costs Total Operating Expenses	4,309,545 (31,154) 1,142,562 - 1,796,588 7,217,541	85,942 - - 1,272 - - 87,214	4,395,487 (31,154) 1,142,562 1,272 1,796,588 7,304,755
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,485,160	114,904	4,600,064
Net Position - Beginning of Year	185,171,416	6,877,317	192,048,733
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 189,656,576	\$ 6,992,221	\$ 196,648,797

#### RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

				Multi-Family							
	Multi-F	amily		Mortgage	I	Multi-Family		Multi-Family	Multi-Family		
	Housin	g Bond	Revenue Bond		Funding Bond		Development			Fund	
	Prog	ram		Program		Program		Bonds		Total	
ASSETS											
Loans Receivable	\$	-	\$	117,675,475	\$	84,444,194	\$	356,539,044	\$	558,658,713	
Investments		-		-		-		1,670,871		1,670,871	
Accrued Interest - Loans		-		407,152		449,484		1,657,378		2,514,014	
Accrued Interest - Investments		-		-		-		25,515		25,515	
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		5,258,547		11,341,932		31,732,694		48,333,173	
Other Assets, Net		-		(14,259)		-		-		(14,259)	
Interfund Receivable (Payable)		-		-		-		(7,800)		(7,800)	
Total Assets	\$	_	\$	123,326,915	\$	96,235,610	\$	391,617,702	\$	611,180,227	
LIABILITIES											
Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	-	\$	117,675,475	\$	84,600,000	\$	307,408,446	\$	509,683,921	
Accrued Interest Payable on											
Bonds and Notes		-		460,663		1,406,979		4,484,414		6,352,056	
Accounts Payable and Accrued											
Liabilities		-		-		-		37,679		37,679	
Fees, Net		-		-		-		1,569,316		1,569,316	
Escrow Deposits		-		5,258,547		-		-		5,258,547	
Total liabilities		-		123,394,685		86,006,979		313,499,855		522,901,519	
NET POSITION											
Net Position - Restricted		-		(67,770)		10,228,631		78,117,847		88,278,708	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	-	\$	123,326,915	\$	96,235,610	\$	391,617,702	\$	611,180,227	

## RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND) COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 (SEE INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT)

	Multi-Family Housing Bond Program		Housing Bond Revenue Bond		Multi-Family Funding Bond Program		Multi-Family Development Bonds		N	/lulti-Family Fund Total
OPERATING REVENUES										
Interest Income on Loans	\$	-	\$	1,244,586	\$	1,349,752	\$	4,887,156	\$	7,481,494
Total Interest Income on Loans		-		1,244,586		1,349,752		4,887,156		7,481,494
Earnings on Investments:										
Interest on Investments		-		-		677		22,092		22,769
Net Decrease in Fair Value of Investments		-		-		-		(20,444)		(20,444)
Total Operating Revenues		-		1,244,586		1,350,429		4,888,804		7,483,819
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Interest Expense		-		1,187,358		703,490		2,244,720		4,135,568
Loan Costs		33,435		-		-		73,455		106,890
Total Operating Expenses		33,435		1,187,358		703,490		2,318,175		4,242,458
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(33,435)		57,228		646,939		2,570,629		3,241,361
Transfers In (Out)		33,435		(61,190)		(600,000)		(1,426,545)		(2,054,300)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		(3,962)		46,939		1,144,084		1,187,061
Net Position - Beginning of Year		-		(63,808)		10,181,692		76,973,763		87,091,647
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	(67,770)	\$	10,228,631	\$	78,117,847	\$	88,278,708

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