RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

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CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners
Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation
Providence, Rhode Island

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discreetly presented component unit of Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (RI Housing), a component unit of the State of Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise RI Housing's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discreetly presented component unit of RI Housing, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of RI Housing and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, RI Housing made a change in accounting principle related to the treatment of conduit debt obligations. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about RI Housing's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of RI Housing's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about RI Housing's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Commissioners
Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of RI Housing's changes in Total OPEB liability and related ratios to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation's basic financial statements. The combining statements on pages 62-71 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2022, on our consideration of RI Housing's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of RI Housing's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering RI Housing's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Cranston, Rhode Island
September 20, 2022

The accompanying basic financial statements include Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the Corporation) and Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust, a component unit of the Corporation), collectively referred to as Rhode Island Housing.

This section of Rhode Island Housing's financial statements presents Rhode Island Housing's management's discussion and analysis of the Corporation's financial position and performance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and for the years then ended. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Corporation's basic financial statements. The Corporation's basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and supplementary information should be read in conjunction with the following discussion.

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights (in millions) of the Corporation as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, increased (decreased) from the previous year as follows:

	2022		2021 *	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Mortgage Loans, Gross	$ (34.1)	(2.4)	$ (50.6)	(3.4)
Investments	104.9	15.5	182.1	36.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents	93.3	27.0	40.1	13.1
Total Assets	163.1	6.7	172.5	7.6
Bonds and Notes Payable	208.4	13.4	142.3	10.1
Total Net Position	(56.9)	(14.6)	22.4	6.1
Total Revenues	238.2	174.7	9.2	7.2
Total Expenses	243.2	200.4	9.0	8.1
Operating Income (before FMV adjustment)	(5.0)	(33.2)	0.2	1.2

* 2021 amounts have been restated, see Note 14

Mortgage loans represent the largest category of the Corporation's total assets, 53.3% and 58.3% at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The decrease in 2022 and 2021 is a result of payoffs of single-family loans. New single-family mortgage production is securitized and categorized as an investment, resulting in an increase in investments.

Bonds and notes payable represent the largest component of liabilities, 77.4% and 75.5% at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Increases relate to both single-family and multi-family bond issuance.

The increases in Total Revenues and Total Expenses relate to the administration of various new Federal housing grants.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities; that is, activities that are financed in whole or in part by charges to external parties for services, with funding sources that are primarily external to the Corporation. As a result, the Corporation's basic financial statements include the statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, the statement of cash flows, and the notes to the financial statements. These basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Corporation's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on the Corporation's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Corporation's net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the Corporation is improving or deteriorating. Other factors, both internal and external to the Corporation, should be considered when evaluating the Corporation's financial position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information on how the Corporation's net position changed during the year.

All assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, and changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting for governmental entities and are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the asset or liability and resulting change in net position occurs, regardless of the timing of when a corresponding amount of cash is received or paid. Consequently, certain revenues and expenses reported in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position will result in cash flows in future periods.

The Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a separate legal entity created pursuant to a trust agreement initiated by the Corporation. The Trust is a private-purpose trust established to assist in activities that involve the creation and preservation of affordable housing in the State. All resources of the Trust, including income on investments and other revenues, are held in trust for the benefit of private and nonprofit organizations. There is no requirement that any portion of the Trust's resources be preserved as capital. The Trust administers its affairs through its trustees, records its assets in segregated accounts and maintains financial records separate from the Corporation.

Operating Activity of the Corporation

The following tables summarize the components of operating income, before the adjustment required to record investments at fair value as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31:

Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (In Thousands)

	2022	2021 *	% Change
Revenues:			
Interest Income on Loans	$ 61,432	$ 62,900	(2.3)
Earnings on Investments	20,424	16,671	22.5
Gain on Sale of Loans	8,987	17,859	(49.7)
Grant Revenue	251,557	23,553	968.0
Other	32,204	15,378	109.4
Total Revenues	374,604	136,360	174.7
Expenses:			
Interest Expense	38,859	41,363	(6.1)
Provision for Loan Losses	2,819	1,746	61.5
REO Expenditures	(983)	(483)	103.3
Bond Issuance Costs	3,820	2,638	44.8
Early retirement of debt	7	-	100.0
Operating Expenses	55,292	36,414	51.8
Grant Expense	251,219	22,860	999.0
Other Expenses	13,534	16,809	(19.5)
Total Expenses	364,568	121,346	200.4
Operating Income Before Adjusting Investments to Fair Value	$ 10,036	$ 15,015	(33.2)

* 2021 amounts have been restated, see Note 14

Operating Activity of the Corporation (Continued)

Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	2021	2020 *	% Change
Revenues:			
Interest Income on Loans	$ 62,900	$ 65,944	4.6
Earnings on Investments	16,671	15,002	11.1
Gain on Sale of Loans	17,859	13,660	30.7
Grant Revenue	23,553	18,486	27.4
Other	15,378	14,052	9.4
Total Revenues	136,360	127,144	7.2
Expenses:			
Interest Expense	41,363	39,356	5.1
Provision for Loan Losses	1,746	3,652	(52.2)
REO Expenditures	(483)	155	(411.8)
Bond Issuance Costs	2,638	1,356	94.6
Operating Expenses	36,414	34,617	5.2
Grant Expense	22,860	18,139	26.0
Other Expenses	16,809	15,030	11.8
Total Expenses	121,346	112,305	8.1
Operating Income Before Adjusting Investments to Fair Value	$ 15,015	$ 14,839	1.2

* 2021 and 2020 amounts have been restated, see Note 14

Operating loss, after adjusting investments to fair value, was $56.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, Operating income was $22.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2021, and $35.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. GASB Statement No. 31, which requires investments to be recorded at fair value, caused a decrease in operating income of $66.9 million in 2022, compared to an increase of $7.4 million in 2021, and an increase of $20.8 million in 2020. Operating income, excluding the unrealized gains and losses on investments, decreased by 33.2% in 2022, to $10.0 million from $15.0 million in 2021, which had increased from $14.8 million in 2020. The 2022 decrease is primarily due to a reduction in gain on sale of loans and an increase in operating expenses.

The fair value of investments held in the form of Mortgage-backed Securities fluctuates in accordance with the changing interest rate environment. The Corporation intends to hold these investments to maturity and does not expect to realize any gains or losses on these investments.

Gain on sale of loans was $9.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, $17.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2020, and $13.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. Fluctuations are a result of different financing strategies to take advantage of changing market conditions. Loans can be sold to Fannie Mae or securitized and sold in the To-Be-Announced market which generates immediate revenue and increases the gain on sale of loans. For the year ended June 30, 2022, more loans were financed through tax-exempt bonds, securitized and held as investments providing stable revenue over the life of the loans. This change in strategy resulted in an increase in investments, yielding increased earnings on investment year over year.

Operating Activity of the Corporation (Continued)

Operating expenses of the Corporation (personnel services, other administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization of other assets) amounted to $55.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, an increase of 51.8% from $36.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2021, which had increased from $34.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2020. The increase in 2022 is a result of expenses relating to the administration of new federal programs.

Net interest income (interest on loans and investments less interest expense) is the largest component of the Corporation's operating income. Net interest income increased to $43.0 million from $38.2 million in 2021 which was a decrease from $41.6 million in 2020. Earnings on investments increased $3.8 million from 2021 to 2022 and $1.7 million from 2020 to 2021. Net interest income as a percentage of average bonds and notes payable was 2.59% in 2022 and 2.58% in 2021. Interest income on loans and investments as a percentage of total loans and investments was 3.83% in 2022 and 3.91% in 2021, while interest expense on bonds and notes was 2.34% in 2022 and 2.79% in 2021. This caused a total increase in the spread margin (i.e., differential between loans and bonds) to 1.48% in 2022 from 1.12% in 2021.

The Corporation's revenue recognition policy for delinquent loans requires that interest will stop accruing and any accrued interest will be reversed if any loan becomes ninety days past due on the contractual obligation. The Corporation will commence accruing interest income on such loans once the loans are made current.

The provision for loan loss included in the Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position was $2.8 million in 2022 and $1.7 million in 2021. The adequacy of the allowance is based on a review of the Corporation's loan portfolio and an analysis of its current characteristics. The primary economic factors incorporated into the allowance estimates are: (1) recent performance characteristics of the single-family portfolio and (2) net operating cash flows of the developments associated with multi-family loans.

The State of Rhode Island continues to be under a state of national emergency due to the COVID-19 outbreak. The Corporation derives a significant portion of its revenues from loans made to multi-family projects and single-family homeowners which may have both been impacted by business closures and job loss. This has resulted in an increase in delinquency and uncertainty of collectability as the forbearance program has ended.

For single-family loans, an estimate of loss reserve is based on current delinquency, historical loss experience and the last instance of economic softness and real estate depreciation. Loan forbearance programs that resulted from COVID-19 related loss of income were lifted during fiscal year 2022. At this time, it is too early to determine the ultimate impact on loan collectability and a general percentage was applied.

Operating Activity of the Corporation (Continued)

For the multi-family portfolios, a specific loan loss reserve analysis is performed for every loan demonstrating signs of financial strain. Cash flow projections are developed from the most recent audited financials for each of the sites which may be experiencing difficulty, and which have a mortgage loan. For each of these sites, an analysis of value is calculated and compared to the loan balance. This methodology is the same as that used in the formulation of the income approach found in standard real estate appraisals. Beyond the specific reserves derived above, a general reserve is also established. The general reserve is based on a range of reserve percentages applicable to each loan portfolio.

Financial Analysis of the Corporation

The following tables summarize certain financial information regarding the Corporation's financial position:

June 30, 2022 and 2021 (In Thousands)

	2022	2021 *	% Change
Loans Receivable, Net	$ 1,342,468	$ 1,379,037	(2.7)
Investments	782,382	677,462	15.5
Cash and Cash Equivalents	438,392	345,089	27.0
Other Assets	45,775	44,345	3.2
Total Assets	2,609,017	2,445,933	6.7
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,906	2,985	(2.6)
Bonds and Notes Payable	1,761,841	1,553,434	13.4
Other Liabilities	513,975	503,166	2.1
Total Liabilities	2,275,816	2,056,600	10.7
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,066	1,366	51.2
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,497	9,866	(3.7)
Restricted	216,147	282,950	(23.6)
Unrestricted	108,399	98,137	10.5
Total Net Position	$ 334,042	$ 390,953	(14.6)

* 2021 amounts have been restated, see Note 14

Financial Analysis of the Corporation (Continued)

June 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	2021 *	2020 *	% Change
Loans Receivable, Net	$ 1,379,037	$ 1,430,649	(3.6)
Investments	677,462	495,360	36.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents	345,089	305,038	13.1
Other Assets	44,345	42,383	4.6
Total Assets	2,445,933	2,273,430	7.6
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,985	2,424	23.2
Bonds and Notes Payable	1,553,434	1,411,108	10.1
Other Liabilities	503,166	494,692	1.7
Total Liabilities	2,056,600	1,905,800	7.9
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,366	1,531	(10.8)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,866	9,204	7.2
Restricted	282,950	273,071	3.6
Unrestricted	98,137	86,249	13.8
Total Net Position	$ 390,953	$ 368,524	6.1

* 2021 and 2020 amounts have been restated, see Note 14

Total assets of the Corporation increased 6.7% from 2021 to 2022, as compared to 7.6% from 2020 to 2021. Net loans receivable decreased $36.6 million, or 2.7% from the previous year. The decrease in loans is off set by the increase in investments which is a result of the strategy to securitize the loans as investments to provide stable revenue. Bonds and notes payable increased by $208.4 million, or 13.4%, from 2021, as compared to $142.3 million or 10.1% from 2020 to 2021.

During 2022, the Corporation issued $429.4 million of single-family bonds to finance new loan production. In addition, $209.4 million of single-family bonds and $16.0 million of multi-family bonds were redeemed prior to maturity under provisions in the bond resolutions that allow mortgage prepayments, excess revenues and refunded amounts to be used for such purpose.

As of June 30, 2022, and 2021, the net position-to-asset ratio was 12.8% and 16.0% while the loan-to-asset ratio was 51.5% and 56.4%, respectively. The reduction in the net position-to-asset ratio is driven by the FMV adjustment, which was a significant decline due to market conditions. The loan-to-asset ratio continues to trend down as investments continue to trend upward, driven by the change in strategy. These ratios reflect the application of GASB Statement No. 31 and the application of GASB Statement No. 91.

External Influences

Both the economy and the level of unemployment in the State of Rhode Island have a direct impact on the Corporation's delinquency experience within its portfolio. The Rhode Island unemployment rate decreased in 2022 to 2.7% from 5.9% in 2021. The Corporation has experienced a decrease in delinquencies in the greater than 90-day category. The delinquency rate has decreased to 4.77% in 2022 from 9.27% in 2021. The increase in both rates that we noted in the early phase of the COVID-19 pan demic continue to show signs of correcting.

Requests for Information

This management's discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Corporation's finances. Questions concerning this report may be addressed to the Director of Accounting, Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation, 44 Washington Street, Providence, Rhode Island, 02903. The Corporation maintains a website at: www.rihousing.com.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Operating Fund		Single-Family Fund	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ 605,841,478	$ 565,928,516	$ 334,582,973	$ 384,722,127
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(30,500,000)	(32,000,000)	(18,000,000)	(14,000,000)
Loans Receivable, Net	575,341,478	533,928,516	316,582,973	370,722,127
Loans Held for Sale	43,456,347	32,235,538	-	-
Investments	121,462,931	122,344,880	659,276,797	553,425,824
Accrued Interest - Loans	1,371,797	1,156,672	971,466	1,129,653
Accrued Interest - Investments	14,377	16,644	1,980,865	1,594,955
Cash and Cash Equivalents	135,231,467	135,115,116	245,792,709	172,138,533
Accounts Receivable, Net	13,236,683	14,081,297	25,785	43,479
Other Assets, Net	25,962,292	23,954,678	239,926	304,446
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	15,600	15,600	(7,800)	(7,800)
Total Assets	916,092,972	862,848,941	1,224,862,721	1,099,351,217
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Loan Origination Costs	-	-	2,081	2,246
Hedging Instruments	120,877	860,000	-	-
Deferred OPEB Outflows	2,783,516	2,123,211	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,904,393	2,983,211	2,081	2,246
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	293,927,764	260,013,201	1,096,523,002	901,412,570
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	536,941	377,447	7,445,059	5,806,199
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	19,590,305	16,695,890	-	-
Fees, Net	1,411,039	836,237	71,515	85,961
Escrow Deposits	480,528,074	474,794,636	-	-
Total Liabilities	795,994,123	752,717,411	1,104,039,576	907,304,730
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred OPEB Inflow	2,065,960	1,366,255	-	-
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,496,519	9,865,860	-	-
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	3,041,693	3,745,772	120,825,226	192,048,733
Unrestricted	108,399,070	98,136,854	-	-
Total Net Position	$ 120,937,282	$ 111,748,486	$ 120,825,226	$ 192,048,733

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Fund		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ 407,086,762	$ 442,150,733	$ 1,347,511,213	$ 1,392,801,376
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	-	-	(48,500,000)	(46,000,000)
Loans Receivable, Net	407,086,762	442,150,733	1,299,011,213	1,346,801,376
Loans Held for Sale	-	-	43,456,347	32,235,538
Investments	1,642,271	1,691,278	782,381,999	677,461,982
Accrued Interest - Loans	1,966,082	2,058,794	4,309,345	4,345,119
Accrued Interest - Investments	5,318	4,827	2,000,560	1,616,426
Cash and Cash Equivalents	57,368,128	37,835,487	438,392,304	345,089,136
Accounts Receivable, Net	902	-	13,263,370	14,124,776
Other Assets, Net	-	-	26,202,218	24,259,124
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	(7,800)	(7,800)	-	-
Total Assets	468,061,663	483,733,319	2,609,017,356	2,445,933,477
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Loan Origination Costs	-	-	2,081	2,246
Hedging Instruments	-	-	120,877	860,000
Deferred OPEB Outflows	-	-	2,783,516	2,123,211
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	-	2,906,474	2,985,457
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	371,389,843	392,007,977	1,761,840,609	1,553,433,748
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	2,875,036	2,943,652	10,857,036	9,127,298
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	6,585	37,633	19,596,890	16,733,523
Fees, Net	1,510,615	1,588,602	2,993,169	2,510,800
Escrow Deposits	-	-	480,528,074	474,794,636
Total Liabilities	375,782,079	396,577,864	2,275,815,778	2,056,600,005
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred OPEB Inflow	-	-	2,065,960	1,366,255
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	-	-	9,496,519	9,865,860
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	92,279,584	87,155,455	216,146,503	282,949,960
Unrestricted	-	-	108,399,070	98,136,854
Total Net Position	$ 92,279,584	$ 87,155,455	$ 334,042,092	$ 390,952,674

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Operating Fund		Single-Family Fund	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ 13,988,413	$ 13,436,039	$ 15,358,013	$ 18,434,950
Interest Income Attributable to Internal Servicing Activities	7,624,058	6,790,115	-	-
Total Interest Income on Loans	21,612,471	20,226,154	15,358,013	18,434,950
Income on Investments:				
Earnings on Investments	863,209	747,909	19,473,687	15,798,871
Fees	29,757,028	12,477,985	-	-
Servicing Fee Income	2,446,472	2,900,082	-	-
Grant Revenue	251,557,231	23,553,139	-	-
Gain on Sale of Loans	8,987,147	17,858,802	-	-
Total Operating Revenues	315,223,558	77,764,071	34,831,700	34,233,821
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	6,457,990	6,588,396	20,719,051	22,919,485
Personnel Services	28,094,535	23,835,459	-	-
Other Administrative Expenses	24,260,653	10,059,949	-	-
Housing Initiatives	4,167,760	3,109,213	-	-
Provision for Loan Losses	(1,317,518)	1,621,290	4,136,808	124,277
REO Expenditures	(942,602)	(353,352)	(40,255)	(129,988)
Bad Debt Expense	(6,706)	(22,897)	-	-
Arbitrage Rebate	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs	918,569	(148,392)	2,901,451	1,896,137
Early Retirement of Debt			7,478	
Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets	2,931,532	2,513,766	5,096	5,088
Loan Costs	460,093	6,574,650	8,043,775	6,298,861
State Rental Subsidy Program	156,053	170,940	-	-
Grant Expense	251,219,298	22,859,706	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	316,399,657	76,808,728	35,773,404	31,113,860
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,176,099)	955,343	(941,704)	3,119,961
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(198,942)	(99,566)	(66,673,544)	7,620,574
Transfers In (Out)	10,563,837	12,087,161	(3,608,259)	(1,090,227)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,188,796	12,942,938	(71,223,507)	9,650,308
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	111,748,486	98,805,548	192,048,733	182,398,425
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 120,937,282	$ 111,748,486	$ 120,825,226	$ 192,048,733

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Fund		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ 24,461,773	$ 24,238,849	$ 53,808,199	$ 56,109,838
Interest Income Attributable to Internal Servicing Activities	-	-	7,624,058	6,790,115
Total Interest Income on Loans	24,461,773	24,238,849	61,432,257	62,899,953
Income on Investments:				
Earnings on Investments	86,969	123,733	20,423,865	16,670,513
Fees	-	-	29,757,028	12,477,985
Servicing Fee Income	-	-	2,446,472	2,900,082
Grant Revenue	-	-	251,557,231	23,553,139
Gain on Sale of Loans	-	-	8,987,147	17,858,802
Total Operating Revenues	24,548,742	24,362,582	374,604,000	136,360,474
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	11,682,111	11,854,850	38,859,152	41,362,731
Personnel Services	-	-	28,094,535	23,835,459
Other Administrative Expenses	-	-	24,260,653	10,059,949
Housing Initiatives	-	-	4,167,760	3,109,213
Provision for Loan Losses	-	-	2,819,290	1,745,567
REO Expenditures	-	-	(982,857)	(483,340)
Bad Debt Expense	-	-	(6,706)	(22,897)
Arbitrage Rebate	(31,235)	(62,374)	(31,235)	(62,374)
Bond Issuance Costs	-	890,382	3,820,020	2,638,127
Early Retirement of Debt	-	-	7,478	-
Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets	-	-	2,936,628	2,518,854
Loan Costs	744,422	740,473	9,248,290	13,613,984
State Rental Subsidy Program	-	-	156,053	170,940
Grant Expense	-	-	251,219,298	22,859,706
Total Operating Expenses	12,395,298	13,423,331	364,568,359	121,345,919
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	12,153,444	10,939,251	10,035,641	15,014,555
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(73,737)	(106,876)	(66,946,223)	7,414,132
Transfers In (Out)	(6,955,578)	(10,996,934)	-	-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,124,129	(164,559)	(56,910,582)	22,428,687
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	87,155,455	87,320,014	390,952,674	368,523,987
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 92,279,584	$ 87,155,455	$ 334,042,092	$ 390,952,674

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Operating Fund		Single-Family Fund	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on Loans Receivable	$ 21,397,347	$ 20,211,092	$ 15,516,200	$ 18,924,907
Repayment of Loans Receivable	28,829,938	444,276,340	82,675,766	120,263,244
Fees Collected (Paid)	32,778,261	14,902,262	(14,446)	(31,610)
Deferred OPEB Inflows/Outflows	39,400	(1,071,919)	-	-
Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net	6,696,415	9,765,946	-	-
Loans Disbursed	(80,773,764)	(446,857,216)	(32,536,612)	(14,097,033)
Accounts Receivable, Net	1,029,669	(2,707,646)	-	-
Gain (Loss) on Accounts Receivable	-	22,897	-	-
Accounts Receivable Expenses	6,706	-	-	-
Loss on Loans Receivable	(182,482)	(621,290)	(136,808)	(124,277)
Income (Loss) on REO Properties	942,603	353,352	40,255	129,988
Bond Issuance Costs	(918,569)	148,392	(2,901,451)	(1,896,137)
Personnel Services	(28,094,535)	(23,835,459)	-	-
Other Administrative Expenses	(24,260,788)	(10,126,464)	-	-
Housing Initiative Expenses	(4,167,626)	(3,042,698)	-	-
Other Assets	(4,939,146)	(4,326,390)	59,587	2,523,003
Arbitrage Rebate	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	2,894,414	(1,849,214)	-	-
Gain on Sale of Loans	9,266,176	11,629,053	(8,043,775)	(6,298,861)
State Rental Subsidy Program	(156,053)	(170,940)	-	-
Transfers from (to) Other Programs	10,563,837	12,087,161	(3,608,259)	(1,090,227)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(29,048,197)	18,787,259	51,050,457	118,302,997
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Notes	485,935,000	346,000,000	449,128,919	289,080,132
Payment of Bond and Note Principal	(452,020,437)	(353,916,884)	(247,912,614)	(183,793,351)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes	(6,298,497)	(6,562,318)	(25,193,540)	(22,874,167)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	27,616,066	(14,479,202)	176,022,765	82,412,614
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Redemption of Investments	416,075,742	371,835,367	205,500,131	181,265,140
Earnings on Investments	865,475	751,948	19,087,777	15,328,372
Purchase of Investments	(415,392,735)	(370,584,100)	(378,006,954)	(357,838,052)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,548,482	2,003,215	(153,419,046)	(161,244,540)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	116,351	6,311,272	73,654,176	39,471,071
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	135,115,116	128,803,844	172,138,533	132,667,462
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	$ 135,231,467	$ 135,115,116	$ 245,792,709	$ 172,138,533

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Fund		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Interest on Loans Receivable	$ 24,554,484	$ 24,180,072	$ 61,468,031	$ 63,316,071
Repayment of Loans Receivable	27,635,641	28,252,998	139,141,345	592,792,582
Fees Collected (Paid)	(77,987)	1,588,602	32,685,828	16,459,254
Deferred OPEB Inflows/Outflows	-	-	39,400	(1,071,919)
Other Receipts (Disbursements), Net	-	(1,499)	6,696,415	9,764,447
Loans Disbursed	7,428,330	(81,112,279)	(105,882,046)	(542,066,528)
Accounts Receivable, Net	-	-	1,029,669	(2,707,646)
Gain (Loss) on Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	22,897
Accounts Receivable Expenses	-	-	6,706	-
Loss on Loans Receivable	-	-	(319,290)	(745,567)
Income (Loss) on REO Properties	-	-	982,858	483,340
Bond Issuance Costs	-	(890,382)	(3,820,020)	(2,638,127)
Personnel Services	-	-	(28,094,535)	(23,835,459)
Other Administrative Expenses	-	-	(24,260,788)	(10,126,464)
Housing Initiative Expenses	-	-	(4,167,626)	(3,042,698)
Other Assets	-	-	(4,879,559)	(1,803,387)
Arbitrage Rebate	31,235	62,374	31,235	62,374
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	(31,048)	(55,976)	2,863,366	(1,905,190)
Gain on Sale of Loans	(744,422)	(740,472)	477,979	4,589,720
State Rental Subsidy Program	-	-	(156,053)	(170,940)
Transfers from (to) Other Programs	(6,955,578)	(10,996,934)	-	-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	51,840,655	(39,713,496)	73,842,915	97,376,760
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Notes	-	126,010,985	935,063,919	761,091,117
Payment of Bond and Note Principal	(20,620,000)	(81,055,000)	(720,553,051)	(618,765,235)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes	(11,748,860)	(11,698,721)	(43,240,897)	(41,135,206)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(32,368,860)	33,257,264	171,269,971	101,190,676
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Redemption of Investments	1,674,941	590,251	623,250,814	553,690,758
Earnings on Investments	86,479	135,104	20,039,731	16,215,424
Purchase of Investments	(1,700,574)	(179)	(795,100,263)	(728,422,331)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	60,846	725,176	(151,809,718)	(158,516,149)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19,532,641	(5,731,056)	93,303,168	40,051,287
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	37,835,487	43,566,543	345,089,136	305,037,849
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	$ 57,368,128	$ 37,835,487	$ 438,392,304	$ 345,089,136

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Operating Fund		Single-Family Fund	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss) after FMV adjustment	$ (1,375,041)	$ 855,777	$ (67,615,248)	$ 10,740,535
Adjustments:				
Earnings on Investments	(865,475)	(751,948)	(19,087,777)	(15,328,372)
Net (Increase) Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	198,942	99,566	66,673,544	(7,620,574)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes	6,298,497	6,562,318	25,193,540	22,874,167
Bond Premium Discount Amortization	-	-	(6,105,873)	-
Transfer of Investments and/or Net Position	10,563,837	12,087,161	(3,608,259)	(1,090,227)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Loans Receivable/Loss Allowance	(52,633,771)	(1,694,552)	54,139,154	106,166,211
Accrued Interest - Loans	(215,125)	(15,062)	158,187	489,958
Accrued Interest - Investments	2,267	4,039	(385,910)	(470,499)
Accounts Receivable, Net	844,614	(2,593,969)	-	-
Other Assets	(2,007,614)	(1,812,625)	64,520	2,526,795
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	-	-	-	-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows	78,818	(562,292)	165	1,296
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accrued Interest - Bonds and Notes	159,494	26,079	1,638,860	45,319
Accounts Payable/Accrued Liabilities	2,894,414	(1,849,215)	-	-
Fees, Net	574,803	(475,803)	(14,446)	(31,612)
Escrow Deposits	5,733,438	9,072,512	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	699,705	(164,727)	-	-
Total Adjustments	(27,673,156)	17,931,482	118,665,705	107,562,462
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	$ (29,048,197)	$ 18,787,259	$ 51,050,457	$ 118,302,997

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Fund		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss) after FMV adjustment	$ 12,079,707	$ 10,832,375	$ (56,910,582)	$ 22,428,687
Adjustments:				
Earnings on Investments	(86,479)	(135,104)	(20,039,731)	(16,215,424)
Net (Increase) Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	73,737	106,876	66,946,223	(7,414,132)
Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes	11,748,860	11,698,721	43,240,897	41,135,206
Bond Premium Discount Amortization	1,866	-	(6,104,007)	-
Transfer of Investments and/or Net Position	(6,955,578)	(10,996,934)	-	-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:				
Loans Receivable/Loss Allowance	35,063,971	(52,859,281)	36,569,354	51,612,378
Accrued Interest - Loans	92,712	(58,776)	35,774	416,120
Accrued Interest - Investments	(491)	11,371	(384,134)	(455,089)
Accounts Receivable, Net	-	-	844,614	(2,593,969)
Other Assets	-	-	(1,943,094)	714,170
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	-	-	-	-
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows	-	-	78,983	(560,996)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:				
Accrued Interest - Bonds and Notes	(68,616)	156,130	1,729,738	227,528
Accounts Payable/Accrued Liabilities	(31,047)	(55,976)	2,863,367	(1,905,191)
Fees, Net	(77,987)	1,588,602	482,370	1,081,187
Escrow Deposits	-	(1,500)	5,733,438	9,071,012
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows	-	-	699,705	(164,727)
Total Adjustments	39,760,948	(50,545,871)	130,753,497	74,948,073
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	$ 51,840,655	$ (39,713,496)	$ 73,842,915	$ 97,376,760

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST
COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Loans Receivable	$ 45,695,826	$ 41,315,360
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	(5,500,000)	(4,000,000)
Loans Receivable, Net	40,195,826	37,315,360
Investments	12,478,483	41,154
Accrued Interest - Loans	66,933	69,060
Accrued Interest - Investments	11,145	50
Cash and Cash Equivalents	58,039,456	74,511,966
Accounts Receivable, Net	43,716	17,781
Other Assets, Net	403,137	403,137
Total Assets	111,238,696	112,358,508
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	45,955	-
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Organizations	111,192,741	112,358,508
Total Net Position	$ 111,192,741	$ 112,358,508

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST
COMPONENT UNIT AFFORDABLE HOUSING TRUST
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Interest Income on Loans	$ 898,336	$ 2,067,036
Earnings on Investments:		
Interest on Investments	169,551	32,286
Trust Receipts	910,830	2,748,895
Miscellaneous Income	-	500,000
Total Revenues	1,978,717	5,348,217
EXPENSES		
Amortization of Other Assets	3,970	-
Other Administrative Expenses	-	16,123
Housing Initiatives	1,362,500	167,500
Provision for Loan Losses (Recoveries)	1,500,000	(2,015,978)
Cost to Sell Loans	15,900	-
Total Expenses (Income)	2,882,370	(1,832,355)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(903,653)	7,180,572
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(262,114)	(146)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	112,358,508	105,178,082
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 111,192,741	$ 112,358,508

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization and Description of Financial Reporting Entity

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation (the Corporation) is a public instrumentality established in 1973 by an Act of the Rhode Island General Assembly. The Corporation was created to originate loans and administer other activities to expand the supply of housing available to persons of low and moderate income and to stimulate the construction and rehabilitation of housing and health care facilities in the State of Rhode Island (the State). It has the power to issue negotiable notes and bonds to achieve its corporate purpose. The notes and bonds do not constitute a debt of the State, and the State is not liable for the repayment of such obligations.

The Corporation is considered a component unit of the State and is included in the State's comprehensive annual financial report.

The Corporation is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

In evaluating the inclusion of other separate and distinct legal entities as component units within its financial reporting structure, the Corporation applies the criteria prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Through the application of GASB criteria, the Corporation determined that the Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a component unit of the Corporation, and the Trust has been presented in the accompanying fiduciary fund financial statements. Control over and financial accountability for the Trust is determined based on appointment by a voting majority of the Trust's trustees.

B. Affordable Housing Trust Fund

The Affordable Housing Trust Fund (the Trust) is a separate legal entity created pursuant to a trust agreement initiated by the Corporation. The Trust is a private-purpose trust established to assist in activities that involve the creation and preservation of affordable housing in the State. All resources of the Trust, including income on investments and other revenues, are held in trust for the benefit of private and nonprofit organizations. Trust receipts are derived from payments related to affordable housing preservation transactions and funds received to administer housing programs. There is no requirement that any portion of the Trust's resources be preserved as capital. The Trust administers its affairs through its trustees, records its assets in segregated accounts, and maintains financial records separate from the Corporation.

C. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Corporation engages only in business-type activities. Business-type activities are activities that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The accompanying combining statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows present the financial information of the Corporation.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The Corporation classifies its business-type activities into funds, reported as separate columns within the financial statements, each representing a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts segregated to carry on specific activities in accordance with bond resolutions established under various trust indentures, special regulations restrictions, or limitations. All interfund activity has been eliminated from the combining totals in the accompanying financial statements. Transfers between funds are made to cover the operating costs associated with management of bond resolutions. Transfers also consist of reimbursement of collateral for bond resolutions previously funded by the operating fund.

The Operating Fund accounts for the receipt of income not directly pledged to the repayment of specific bonds and notes, expenses related to the Corporation's administrative functions, and for various housing program activities that are not covered by bond resolutions. The Operating Fund also accounts for the activities of the Corporation's two separate subsidiaries: Rhode Island Housing Equity Corporation and Rhode Island Housing Development Corporation. The Single-Family Housing Fund includes transactions and programs designed to provide affordable housing to eligible persons and families within the State for properties with one to four dwelling units. All loans whether originated by the Corporation or purchased from participating lenders, are in compliance with bond resolutions. The Multi-Family Fund includes financing activities with the intent to originate multi-family loans secured by a lien.

The Trust engages only in fiduciary activities. Separate financial statements are presented for the Trust as fiduciary activities are excluded from presentation in enterprise fund financial statements.

The Corporation and the Trust use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by GASB, which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation, Measurement Focus, and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The Corporation has presented an unclassified combining statement of net position in accordance with financial institution industry trade practice. Although contractual terms define the principal payments of loans receivable and the amount of principal required to be paid on bonds and notes payable within one year from the date of the combining statement of net position, the actual principal amounts received on loans and repaid on bonds and notes are significantly affected by changes in interest rates, economic conditions, and other factors. Consequently, the principal amount of loans receivable and principal amount payable for bonds and notes based on contractual terms would not be representative of actual amounts received or paid, and such amounts are not reliably estimable.

The Corporation distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from services provided in connection with the Corporation's principal ongoing operations. The Corporation reports Net Increase (Decrease) in the Fair Value of Investments as nonoperating. The intent of the Corporation is to hold the investments to maturity which will not result in realized gains or losses. Operating expenses include the cost of services provided, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization expense. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans receivable are reported at their outstanding principal balance adjusted for any charge-offs and the allowance for loan losses.

In general, interest income on loans receivable is recognized on the accrual basis. A loan is considered delinquent when payments are not made in accordance with contractual terms. Loans go into "nonaccrual status" when loan payments are delinquent for 90 days or more. Interest income is no longer accrued, and any accrued interest is reversed. Loans are returned to accrual status when all amounts contractually due are brought current or the loans have been restructured and future payments are reasonably assured. For certain deferred loans which specify that interest is payable based on available cash flow or the availability of other specified sources, related interest is recorded as income when received.

Losses on loans are provided for under the allowance method of accounting. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to operating expenses and by recoveries of previously charged-off loans. The allowance is decreased as loans are charged off.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The allowance represents an amount that management believes will be adequate to provide for potential loan losses based on an evaluation of collectability and prior loss experience, known and inherent risk in the portfolio, changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, specifically identified high risk loans, the estimated value of the underlying collateral, current and anticipated economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay, historical loss experience, and the types of mortgage insurance or guarantee programs provided by outside parties. Substantially all loans are secured by real estate in Rhode Island; accordingly, the ultimate collectability of the loans is susceptible to changes in market conditions in the area. Management believes the allowance for loan losses is adequate. While management uses available information to recognize losses on loans, evaluation assessments made by management are inherently subjective and future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used at the time of the evaluation.

Loans originated and intended for sale in the secondary market are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value in the aggregate. Such loans are presented as loans held for sale on the accompanying statements of net position. Gains and losses for sales of loans are recognized based upon the difference between the fair value of mortgage-backed securities forward contracts at date of commitment and the carrying value of the underlying loans.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent funds on deposit with various financial institutions and funds held by the trustees of the various bond programs. Deposits held in financial institutions and all highly liquid investments, such as U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes, with original maturities of 90 days or less are considered cash and cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Investments held by the Corporation consist of those permitted by the various bond resolutions and the Corporation's investment policy. Investments include securities of the U.S. Government and of U.S. Government agencies, securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government and U.S. Government agencies, savings accounts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Investments (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 (GASB 31), money market investments having a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are reported at amortized cost if the fair value of such investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable and nontransferable guaranteed investment contracts, which are redeemable at contract or stated value rather than fair value based on current market rates and certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, are reported at cost or amortized cost provided that the fair value of such contracts is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors. Investments not reported at cost or amortized cost are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB No. 31. The fair value of securities is provided by an investment trustee as reported by recognized pricing firms. The reported amounts of investments not otherwise reported at fair value approximate their fair value.

All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the Corporation's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and in the Trust's statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The Corporation records a liability for the portion of investment income that is rebateable to the United States government under Section 103A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, (the Code) for tax-exempt bonds sold after 1981. The Code requires that such excess investment income be remitted to the Internal Revenue Service. Such rebateable investment income is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying statements of net position and recorded within operating expenses in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

G. Bond Issuance Costs, Premiums, Discounts and Early Retirements

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, costs associated with issuing bonds are reported in the combining statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the year the bond is issued. In addition, when refinancing debt, the costs associated with the refinanced bond are also reported in the combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position in the year in which the bond is refinanced.

Premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized using a method that approximates the interest method over the life of the related issue or to the date the Corporation has the option to redeem the bonds.

The Corporation periodically retires bonds prior to their redemption date. Any premium paid on the call related to the early retirement of bonds that are not refunded is reported in the combining statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Other Assets

Other assets of the Corporation are principally comprised of property and equipment, certain other real estate owned, and deferred servicing costs related to service release premiums paid to participating originating lenders for origination of single-family loans. The Corporation depreciates property and equipment on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated lives, which range from 3 - 40 years.

The Corporation states its other real estate owned acquired through or in lieu of foreclosure at the lower of cost or fair value less the cost to sell. Fair value of such assets is determined based on independent appraisals and other relevant factors. Other real estate owned in the Single-Family Fund is partially insured or guaranteed by outside parties and it is anticipated that the Corporation will recover substantially all the balance of these assets through such insurance and from proceeds from the sale of the underlying properties. The Corporation holds such properties for subsequent sale in a manner that will allow maximization of value. Carrying costs relating to other real estate owned are recorded in the Operating Fund.

I. Total Other Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Liability

The total OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service. The total OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year and no later than the end of the current fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period. The measurement date for the reported liability was June 30, 2021.

The Corporation reports total OPEB liability as a component of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities on the combining statement of net position.

J. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources (Continued)

The Corporation reports deferred outflows of resources related to loan origination costs in the statement of net position. Expenses will be recognized once the related loans are sold.

Fair values of both hedging derivatives and investment derivatives (if any) are presented on the combining statements of net position either as a derivative liability (negative fair value) or as a derivative asset (positive fair value). The difference between the notional amount and fair value of the derivatives that are determined to be effective hedges is recorded as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the Corporation's combining statements of net position. The Corporation currently has one type of derivative instrument outstanding: mortgage-backed security forward contracts.

The Corporation reports deferred outflows and inflows related to Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) in the statement of net position which result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs, and contributions after the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and included in OPEB expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits, the one exception being contributions made after the measurement date which are recognized as OPEB expense in the following year.

The Corporation reports a deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB. That deferred inflow results from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

K. Net Position

Net position is classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents the net book value of all capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds and other debt and deferred inflows of resources, if any, used to acquire, construct, or improve these assets, and increased by deferred outflows of resources related to those assets, if any. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets that have been limited in use as specified either externally by creditors, contributors, laws, or government regulations, or internally by enabling legislation or law. Restricted assets are reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets. Unrestricted net position consists of amounts not included in net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Net Position (Continued)

The Corporation classifies all net position amounts associated with its bond resolutions as restricted net position. Under bond indentures, all assets assigned to these programs are pledged for the benefit of the bondholders of each program; consequently, the Corporation classifies all such amounts, while retained in the bond programs, as restricted. Transfers from the bond programs to the Operating Fund are made when transfers are approved and authorized by the Corporation's management and such amounts are not specifically required to be retained within the bond program. Transfers during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, include cash transfers for reimbursement of activities in support of the bond programs.

Restricted net position in the Operating Fund is comprised of the amount of assets required to be pledged as collateral to a lender in excess of outstanding amounts borrowed as well as assets restricted for federal programs. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, restricted amounts totaled $3,041,693 and $3,745,772, respectively.

L. Interest Income on Loans

The Corporation presents two categories of interest income. The first category, "interest income on loans," represents the interest component of the mortgagors' payments due to all mortgage servicing entities (including the Corporation's Operating Fund). The second category, "interest income attributable to internal servicing activities," represents compensation earned for mortgage servicing for those loans serviced by the Corporation. Together, these two components comprise interest income on loans owned by the Corporation.

M. Use of Estimates

Management has made several estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities when preparing the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Fee and Grant Revenue

Recognition of grant revenue is based on the susceptibility of accrual as determined by the legal and contractual requirements established by each grantor. For grants not restrictive as to specific purposes and revocable only for failure to comply with general prescribed requirements, revenues are recognized when actually received. Where expenditure is the prime factor in determining eligibility, grant revenue is recognized as allowable expenditures are made. Fee income is accrued as earned and includes fees received from loan originations, securitization premiums, loan servicing fees and Section 8 administrative fees received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), including administrative fees that are paid by HUD to the Corporation under the Performance-Based Contract Administration (PBCA) contract for certain Section 8 projects throughout Rhode Island.

O. Reclassification of Prior Year Presentation

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

NOTE 2 RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain assets are restricted by covenants and agreements as a result of transactions including bond sales, mortgages generated with lending institutions, and funding provided by HUD programs. All Assets in the Single-Family and Multi-Family Funds are restricted. Restricted assets in the Operating Fund include Cash and Cash Equivalents, Investments, Loans, and Other Assets. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, restricted assets in the Operating Fund totaled $669,571,600 and $653,048,267, respectively.

NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Corporation provides single-family mortgage loans to qualified borrowers in the State. The mortgage loans are generally required to be insured through the Federal Housing Administration (FHA), guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Administration (VA) or USDA Rural Development, or conventionally financed with traditional primary mortgage insurance. Under the single-family program guidelines, conventionally financed single-family mortgage loans with an initial loan-to-value ratio of greater than 80% are insured by private mortgage insurance carriers. As these loans amortize and the loan to-value ratio falls below 80%, the private mortgage insurance coverage may be terminated.

NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

At June 30, the single-family mortgage loan balances in the Single-Family Fund are insured, subject to maximum insurable limits described below:

	2022	2021
Private Mortgage Insurance	$ 58,457,840	$ 102,038,797
FHA Insurance	120,723,939	131,013,625
VA Guaranteed	3,397,845	3,949,219
USDA/RD Guaranteed	3,983,281	4,792,712
Uninsured	148,020,068	142,927,774
Total	$ 334,582,973	$ 384,722,127

The FHA program insures the repayment of the unpaid principal amount of the mortgage upon foreclosure and conveyance of title to the Secretary of HUD. The insurance proceeds are usually paid in cash, but at the discretion of the Secretary, may be settled through issuance of 20-year debentures. The VA mortgage loan guarantee covers from 25% up to 50% of the original principal amount of a loan up to a maximum of $60,000 depending on the loan amount. Private mortgage insurers must be qualified to insure mortgages purchased by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and must be authorized to do business in the State. Private mortgage insurance typically covers between 6% and 35% of claims depending upon the premium plan and coverage selected when the loan is originated. The risk exists that if these private mortgage insurance companies are not able to honor claims, these loans would be considered uninsured.

The Corporation has entered into a risk-sharing agreement with HUD whereby HUD will provide partial mortgage insurance on affordable multi-family housing developments financed by the Corporation. The risk of loss to the Corporation varies from 10% to 50% depending on the level of participation by HUD. In the Multi-Family Fund and Operating Fund, loan balances at June 30, 2022 of $374,729,092 and $151,359,382, respectively, and at June 30, 2021 of $357,263,517 and $153,941,601, respectively, are insured under such agreements subject to maximum participation limits. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, loan balances of $6,363,966 and $6,452,695, respectively, in the Trust are also insured under such agreements.

In May 2012, the Corporation entered into an agreement with FNMA whereby single-family mortgage loans originated under the Corporation's program guidelines may be sold directly to FNMA or pooled into a mortgage-backed security that will be guaranteed by FNMA. As of June 30, 2022, 2,839 loans had been sold directly to FNMA and eight mortgage-backed securities had been issued. As of June 30, 2021, 2,702 loans had been sold directly to FNMA and eight mortgage-backed securities had been issued.

NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2022 and **2021**, the percentage of loan dollars that are in a first lien position is as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating Fund	55 %	52 %
Single-Family	87	90
Multi-Family	99	99
Affordable Housing Trust	32	38

The payment of interest by borrowers on certain loans recorded in the Corporation's Operating Fund, Single-Family Fund, and Multi-Family Fund is deferred and is payable by borrowers only from available cash flow, as defined in the loan agreements or other specified sources. Interest income on such loans is recorded only when received from the borrower. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, interest received under such deferred loan arrangements was $510,208 and $487,859, respectively, in the Operating Fund, and $717,070 and $848,271, respectively, in the Single-Family Fund. In addition, the Corporation administers certain federal and state loan programs, which are either deferred forgivable loans or noninterest bearing. Loans under these programs totaled $224,902,647 and $222,815,186 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At June 30, 2022 and **2021**, principal balances outstanding under deferred and noninterest bearing loan arrangements as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating Fund:		
Single-Family Loans	$ 37,793,442	$ 45,897,243
Multi-Family Loans	257,377,219	244,229,738
Subtotal	295,170,661	290,126,981
Single-Family Fund:		
Single-Family Loans	12,446,876	14,804,649
Total	$ 307,617,537	$ 304,931,630

Certain loans recorded in the Corporation's Operating Fund and Single-Family Fund are on nonaccrual status due to delinquency over 90 days. At June 30, 2022 and **2021**, principal outstanding under such nonaccrual status loans is as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating Fund:		
Single-Family Loans	$ 8,970,835	$ 12,736,270
Multi-Family Loans	-	-
Subtotal	8,970,835	12,736,270
Single-Family Fund:		
Single-Family Loans	16,654,698	31,384,654
Total	$ 25,625,533	$ 44,120,924

NOTE 3 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

A summary of the changes in the allowance for loan losses is as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance, Beginning of Year	$ 46,000,000	$ 45,000,000
Loans Charged Off, Net of Recoveries	(215,035)	(588,154)
Write-Down of REO Properties	(104,255)	(157,413)
Provision for Loan Losses	2,819,290	1,745,567
Balance, End of Year	$ 48,500,000	$ 46,000,000

In addition to the allowance for loan losses, the Corporation maintains an escrow account funded by certain mortgage lenders (the Mortgage Lender's Reserve Account). This Mortgage Lenders Reserve Account equals a percentage of the outstanding principal balance of certain mortgage loans purchased from an applicable mortgage lender and is available to the Corporation in the event the proceeds realized upon the default and foreclosure of any covered mortgage loan is less than the amount due to the Corporation. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Mortgage Lender's Reserve Account totaled $290,522 and $294,868, respectively.

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Corporation assumes levels of custodial credit risk for its cash and cash equivalents. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be returned to it. Cash and cash equivalents are exposed to custodial credit risk as follows: a) uninsured and uncollateralized; b) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the financial institution trust departments in the Corporation's or Trust's name; and c) uninsured and collateralized with securities held by financial institution trust departments or agents which are not held in the Corporation's or Trust's name.

The State requires that certain uninsured deposits of the State and State Agencies be collateralized. Section 35-10.1-7 of the General Laws of the State, dealing with the collateralization of public deposits, requires all time deposits with maturities of greater than 60 days and all deposits in institutions that do not meet its minimum capital standards as required by its Federal regulator be collateralized. The Corporation does not have any additional policy regarding custodial credit risk for its deposits.

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents of the Corporation were exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2022 and 2021, as follows:

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation

		June 30, 2022			
	Book Balance	Insured	A	C	Total Bank Balance
Cash Deposits - Operating	$ 81,212,217	$ 2,889,229	$ 5,986,358	$ 82,620,951	$ 91,496,538
Cash Deposits - Single-Family	1,688,899	-	-	-	-
Cash Deposits - Multi-Family Funds	-	-	-	-	-
Cash Deposits - Escrows	52,401,588	-	-	52,407,756	52,407,756
Total Deposits	135,302,704	2,889,229	5,986,358	135,028,707	143,904,294
Money Market Mutual Funds	303,089,600	-	-	-	303,089,600
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 438,392,304	$ 2,889,229	$ 5,986,358	$ 135,028,707	$ 446,993,894

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation - Private Purpose Trust

		June 30, 2022			
	Book Balance	Insured	A	C	Total Bank Balance
Cash Deposits	$ 47,344,298	$ 250,000	$ -	$ 47,094,297	$ 47,344,297
Money Market Mutual Funds	10,695,158	-	-	-	10,695,158
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 58,039,456	$ 250,000	$ -	$ 47,094,297	$ 58,039,455

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation

		June 30, 2021			
	Book Balance	Insured	A	C	Total Bank Balance
Cash Deposits - Operating	$ 59,749,491	$ 2,883,071	$ 4,946,885	$ 64,813,501	$ 72,643,457
Cash Deposits - Single-Family	3,571,456	-	-	-	-
Cash Deposits - Multi-Family Funds	1,037,970	-	-	-	-
Cash Deposits - Escrows	73,882,413	-	-	73,882,413	73,882,413
Total Deposits	138,241,330	2,883,071	4,946,885	138,695,914	146,525,870
Money Market Mutual Funds	206,847,806	-	-	-	206,847,806
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 345,089,136	$ 2,883,071	$ 4,946,885	$ 138,695,914	$ 353,373,676

Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation - Private Purpose Trust

		June 30, 2021			
	Book Balance	Insured	A	C	Total Bank Balance
Cash Deposits	$ 63,816,808	$ 250,000	$ -	$ 63,566,807	$ 63,816,807
Money Market Mutual Funds	10,695,158	-	-	-	10,695,158
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 74,511,966	$ 250,000	$ -	$ 63,566,807	$ 74,511,965

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Single-Family Fund and Multi-family Fund are principally invested in short-term United States Government money market funds. At June 30, investments in United States Government money market funds are as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating Fund	$ 1,617,663	$ 1,483,213
Single-Family Fund	244,103,810	168,567,077
Multi-Family Fund	57,368,128	36,797,516
Total	$ 303,089,600	$ 206,847,806
Affordable Housing Trust	$ 10,695,158	$ 10,695,158

The funds are rated AAA and invested only in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and Agency securities. Since the funds offer a floating rate that tends to move with other U.S. market risk-free rates, there is substantially no interest rate risk associated with these short-term investments. Because of the quality of the underlying securities in the asset pool and the institutions involved in the management and custody, there is no material credit or custodial risk in this portfolio. These investments are used as temporary cash management instruments. The fair value of these money market funds reflects the net asset value reported by the fund administrator which is a stable $1 per unit. The underlying investments which are short-term cash equivalent type investments are generally carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value. There are no withdrawal limitations for the money market mutual funds.

Investments

The first objective of the Corporation investment strategy is to minimize risk and maximize the preservation of capital. All investments are to be made in a manner to minimize any risk which would jeopardize the safety of the principal invested. The second objective is to maintain sufficient liquidity to match cash flow requirements. The third objective is to maximize yield after first satisfying the first two objectives. Other major considerations include diversification of risk and maintenance of credit ratings.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment in a debt instrument. As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Board of Commissioners' (the Board) established an investment policy for the Corporation's Operating Fund limits. The maximum investments in certain maturities or repricing maturities are as follows:

Maturity	Maximum Investment
Less Than One Year	100%
One to Five Years	25%
Greater Than Five Years	0%

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Operating Fund holds two investments with a maturity of greater than five years. These investments are marketable securities that are pledged as collateral to a lender for borrowings.

While each of the bond resolutions contains investment policies which describe acceptable investments, there are no specific policies for percentage maximum investments with respect to the Single-Family Fund, Multi-Family Fund, and the Trust (collectively referred to as the Other Funds). The Corporation strives to match asset and liability maturities. The Corporation manages interest rate risk by considering variables such as mortgage prepayment frequency, expected asset lives, utilization of interest sensitivity gap (segmented time distribution), and simulation analysis.

At June 30, the distribution of investments by remaining or repricing maturity is as follows:

	June 30, 2022			
	Investment Maturities (Years)			
	Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10	Total
Operating Fund:				
U.S. Government Obligations	$ 1,939,881	$ 809,183	$ -	$ 2,749,064
Single-Family Fund:				
U.S. Government Obligations	-	-	649,248,365	649,248,365
U.S. Agency Obligations	-	-	7,144,937	7,144,937
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	-	-	2,883,495	2,883,495
Total Single-Family Fund	-	-	659,276,797	659,276,797
Multi-Family Fund:				
U.S. Government Obligations	-	1,642,271	-	1,642,271
Escrows*	118,713,867	-	-	118,713,867
Subtotal	120,653,748	2,451,454	659,276,797	782,381,999
Trust:				
U.S. Government Obligations	-	-	12,440,573	12,440,573
U.S. Agency Obligations	37,910	-	-	37,910
Subtotal	37,910	-	12,440,573	12,478,483
Total	$ 120,691,658	$ 2,451,454	$ 671,717,370	$ 794,860,482

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

	June 30, 2021			
	Investment Maturities (Years)			
	Less Than 1	1 - 10	More Than 10	Total
Operating Fund:				
U.S. Government Obligations	$ 2,668,817	$ -	$ 1,290,245	$ 3,959,062
Single-Family Fund:				
U.S. Government Obligations	-	-	540,129,438	540,129,438
U.S. Agency Obligations	-	-	10,412,891	10,412,891
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	-	-	2,883,495	2,883,495
Total Single-Family Fund	-	-	553,425,824	553,425,824
Multi-Family Fund:				
U.S. Agency Obligations	-	1,691,278	-	1,691,278
Escrows*	118,385,818	-	-	118,385,818
Subtotal	121,054,635	1,691,278	554,716,069	677,461,982
Trust:				
U.S. Agency Obligations	41,154	-	-	41,154
Total	$ 121,095,789	$ 1,691,278	$ 554,716,069	$ 677,503,136

* Included in the tables above are escrow funds relating to homeowners and to multi-family developments. The Corporation is not exposed to interest rate risk relating to escrows since the income and market gains or losses on these investments flow directly into the respective escrow deposit liability accounts.

Investments include mortgage-backed securities backed by government-insured single-family mortgage loans originated under the Corporation's program guidelines. These securities are pass-through securities which require monthly payments by an FHA-approved or Fannie Mae-approved lender and are guaranteed by either the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) or FNMA. The securities are subject to interest rate risk due to prepayments and the fair value of the securities which vary with the change in market interest rates. The securities are intended to be held to maturity and the Corporation does not expect to realize any gains or losses. The securities are held by the Single-Family and Operating Funds and are carried at fair value totaling $ 659,142,366 and $551,873,729 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The Corporation categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The Corporation has recurring fair value measurements in the form of Fixed Income Securities (U.S. Treasuries, mortgage-backed securities and obligations of government-sponsored enterprises) as of June 30, 2022 of $121,462,931 in the Operating Fund, $656,393,302 in the Single-Family Fund, $1,642,271 in the Multi-Family Fund, and $12,478,483 in the Trust that are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Included in Operating Fund investments are fair value measurements for escrow funds relating to homeowners and to multi-family developments. The Corporation does not measure the fair value of guaranteed investment contracts in the amount of $2,883,495 in the Single-Family Fund as of June 30, 2022.

The Corporation had recurring fair value measurements in the same form as of June 30, 2021 of $122,344,880 in the Operating Fund, $550,542,329 in the Single-Family fund, $1,691,278 in the Multi-Family Fund and $41,154 in the Trust that are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). Included in Operating Fund investments were fair value measurements for escrow funds relating to homeowners and to Multi-Family developments. The Corporation does not measure the fair value of guaranteed investment contracts in the amount of $2,883,495 in the Single-Family Fund as of June 30, 2021.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The current Board-approved policy requires all investments in the Operating Fund to be rated at least Single A by a nationally recognized rating agency. Generally, each of the bonded resolutions in the Single-Family Fund and the Multi-Family Fund contain policies that require investments that do not impair the existing ratings on the related bonds. The Trust has no minimum rating requirements.

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investments, excluding investments relating to escrow accounts for which the credit risk is that of the party for whom the escrow is held rather than that of the Corporation, are rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service as follows:

Rating Investment	June 30, 2022 AA+/Aaa U.S. Agencies	June 30, 2022 Unrated GICS
Operating Fund	$ -	$ -
Single-Family Fund	7,144,937	2,883,495
Multi-Family Fund	-	-
Trust	37,910	-

Rating Investment	June 30, 2021 AA+/Aaa U.S. Agencies	June 30, 2021 Unrated GICS
Operating Fund	$ -	$ -
Single-Family Fund	10,412,891	2,883,495
Multi-Family Fund	1,691,278	-
Trust	41,154	-

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer regardless of its credit history. The Board-approved policy for the Operating Fund limits the amount that may be invested with any one issuer as follows:

United States Government Obligations	100% of Portfolio
United States Agency Obligations	100% of Portfolio
Repurchase Agreements	50% of Portfolio
Collective Short-Term Funds	25% of Portfolio
All Other Investments	10% of Portfolio

Although there are no specific concentration policies for maximum percentage of investments, the Corporation attempts to diversify as much as possible given the limited number of issuers of AAA-rated investments.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, all Operating Fund investments in securities of the U.S. Government and Agency securities, with no concentration of more than 5% of total Operating Fund investments in any particular agency for which the investments were not secured by the U.S. Government.

NOTE 4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, investment concentrations of 5% or more of each respective fund's total investments, excluding investments relating to escrow accounts for which the concentration of credit risk is that of the party for whom the escrow is held rather than that of the Corporation, are as follows:

	June 30, 2022		
Issuer	Single-Family Fund	Multi-Family Fund	Trust
Federal Home Loan Bank	$ -	$ -	$ -
Federal Farm Credit Bank	-	-	-
Federal National Mtg. Assoc.	7,144,937	-	37,910

	June 30, 2021		
Issuer	Single-Family Fund	Multi-Family Fund	Trust
Federal Home Loan Bank	$ -	$ 1,691,278	$ -
Federal Farm Credit Bank	-	-	-
Federal National Mtg. Assoc.	10,412,891	-	41,154

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The policy in the Operating Fund is that all purchases are held in a safekeeping or custodial account at an approved safekeeping agent of the Corporation in the Corporation's name. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no investments in the Operating Fund subject to custodial credit risk.

There are no other specific custodial credit risk policies for the other funds. Most of the Corporation's investments in other funds are either in Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) in bonded resolutions, which are direct investments not subject to custodial credit risk, or in accounts managed by a financial advisory firm with underlying investments restricted to U.S. Government and Agency securities. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no investments in any of the other funds subject to custodial credit risk.

As established in the Board-approved investment policy, the Corporation can enter into interest rate swap agreements and other similar interest rate related derivative instruments to reduce interest rate mismatches between its loan and investment assets and its bond and note liabilities. These types of derivative instruments expose the Corporation to certain risks including credit risk, interest rate risk, and counterparty risk. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Corporation was not party to any interest rate swap agreements. At June 30, 2021, the Corporation had entered into certain commitments to sell loans, which expose the Corporation to interest rate risk as discussed further in Note 9.

NOTE 5 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivables for the years ended June 30, were as follows:

	2022	2021
Accounts Receivable:		
Due from Federal Government	$ 2,015,985	$ 1,577,936
Tax Sale Receivables	1,603,823	2,338,335
Accounts	9,903,227	10,658,796
Total Receivables	13,523,035	14,575,067
Allowance	(259,665)	(450,291)
Receivables, Net	$ 13,263,370	$ 14,124,776

NOTE 6 OTHER ASSETS

Other assets, net, consisted of the following at June 30:

	2022	2021
Real Estate Owned	$ 1,043,166	$ 1,426,847
Capital Assets, Net	9,517,435	9,865,861
Purchased Mortgage Servicing Rights and Servicing, Net	15,216,390	12,604,128
Other Assets and Control Accounts	425,227	362,288
Total	$ 26,202,218	$ 24,259,124

Depreciation expense related to capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $650,659 and $627,725, respectively.

Amortization expense related to purchased mortgage servicing rights for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was $2,285,969 and $1,891,129, respectively.

Other assets of the Trust consisted of federal program properties totaling $403,137 and $403,137 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 6 OTHER ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions/ (Deletions)	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:			
Construction in Progress	$ 369,719	$ (28,680)	$ 341,039
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	369,719	(28,680)	341,039
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:			
Furniture	1,421,326	-	1,421,326
Office Equipment	954,213	-	954,213
Computers	7,821,746	270,520	8,092,266
Buildings and Improvements	17,067,037	60,393	17,127,430
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	27,264,322	330,913	27,595,235
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,768,180)	(650,659)	(18,418,839)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	9,496,142	(319,746)	9,176,396
Capital Assets, Net	$ 9,865,861	$ (348,426)	$ 9,517,435

	Balance July 1,2020	Additions/ (Deletions)	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:			
Construction in Progress	$ 842,227	$ (472,508)	$ 369,719
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	842,227	(472,508)	369,719
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:			
Furniture	1,421,326	-	1,421,326
Office Equipment	954,213	-	954,213
Computers	7,821,746	-	7,821,746
Buildings and Improvements	15,305,563	1,761,474	17,067,037
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	25,502,848	1,761,474	27,264,322
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,140,455)	(627,725)	(17,768,180)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	8,362,393	1,133,749	9,496,142
Capital Assets, Net	$ 9,204,620	$ 661,241	$ 9,865,861

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

The Corporation issues serial bonds and term bonds under various bond resolutions to provide permanent financing for the origination or purchase from participating originating lenders of single-family loans, to provide permanent financing for qualified housing developments, and to provide financing for other purposes.

The Corporation obtains principally first and second mortgage liens on real property financed. The Corporation assigns such liens to the respective bonds when the mortgage loans are permanently financed using bond proceeds. Bonds and notes are secured by related revenues and assets of the respective programs in which the related bonds and notes payable are reported.

The provisions of the applicable trust indentures require or allow for the redemption of bonds by the Corporation through the use of unexpended bond proceeds and excess funds accumulated primarily through the prepayment of mortgage loans. All outstanding bonds are subject to redemption at the option of the Corporation, in whole or in part at any time after certain dates, as specified in the respective bond series indentures.

Principal and interest on substantially all bonds is payable semi-annually. The Corporation is required by the Internal Revenue Service as well as its various bond resolutions to comply with certain tax code provisions and bond covenants. The most significant of these include the following: all debt payments must be current, annual reports and budgets must be filed with the trustee, and the Corporation must comply with various restrictions on investment earnings from bond proceeds. The Corporation's management believes it was in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2022.

Bonds and notes payable at June 30, are as follows:

Description	2022	2021
Operating Fund Bonds and Notes:		
Federal Home Loan Bank		
Due 2019 to 2026, interest from 0.00% to 2.72%	$ 11,175,000	$ 11,175,000
Federal Financing Bank		
Due 2056 to 2059, interest from 2.239% to 4.640%	158,839,500	146,503,311
General Obligation Bonds Series 2018:		
Mandatory tender bonds, due 2032, interest at 3.12%	5,000,000	5,000,000
Notes Payable, due 2027 to 2048, interest from 2.75% to 6.25%	14,913,264	15,325,890
Lines of Credit, payable on demand, interest from 3.21% to 3.40%	104,000,000	82,009,000
Total Operating Fund	293,927,764	260,013,201

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description (Continued)	2022	2021
Single-Family Fund:		
Homeownership Opportunity Bonds:		
Series 10-A:		
Term bonds, due 2022 to 2027, interest at 6.50%	$ 745,000	$ 940,000
Series 15-A:		
Term bonds, due 2024, interest at 6.85%	380,000	380,000
Series 46-T:		
Term bonds, due 2034, interest at variable rate	15,000,000	15,000,000
Series 48-T:		
Term bonds, due 2034, interest at variable rate	15,000,000	15,000,000
Series 63-A:		
Term bonds, due 2027 to 2040, interest from 3.50% to 4.00%	-	9,555,000
Series 63-C:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2022, interest from 2.85% to 3.50%	-	2,330,000
Term bonds, due 2025, interest at 3.75%	-	3,540,000
Total Series 63-C	-	5,870,000
Series 64-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2018, interest at 2.58%		
Term bonds, due 2023 to 2034, interest from 3.00% to 4.00%	-	14,245,000
Series 65-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2025, interest from 2.563% to 3.886%	11,010,000	16,595,000
Term bonds, due 2029 to 2039, interest from 2.913% to 4.433%	1,275,000	7,415,000
Total Series 65-T	12,285,000	24,010,000
Series 66 A-1:		
Term bonds, due 2033, interest at 4.00%	1,525,000	6,100,000
Series 66 A-2:		
Term bonds, due 2032, interest at 4.00%	-	1,005,000
Series 66-B:		
Term bonds, due 2045, interest at variable rate		
Series 66 C-2:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2026, interest from 2.05% to 3.65%	8,130,000	11,300,000

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description (Continued)	2022	2021
Single-Family Fund (Continued):		
Homeownership Opportunity Bonds (Continued):		
Series 67-A:		
Term bonds, due 2041, interest at 3.55%	$ 2,530,000	$ 3,950,000
Series 67-B:		
Term bonds, due 2026 to 2046, interest from 2.40% to 3.55%	1,400,000	5,190,000
Series 67-C:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2027, interest from 1.50% to 3.00%	14,270,000	11,095,000
Term bonds, due 2030 to 2038, interest from 3.25% to 3.50%	3,745,000	10,640,000
Total Series 67-C	18,015,000	21,735,000
Series 68-B:		
Term bonds, due 2031 to 2046, interest from 3.00% to 3.40%	1,135,000	25,360,000
Series 68-C:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2026, interest from 1.45% to 2.65%	19,865,000	26,445,000
Term bonds, due 2031 to 2039, interest from 3.15% to 3.50%	54,110,000	68,590,000
Total Series 68-C	73,975,000	95,035,000
Series 69-A:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2029, interest from 1.90% to 3.50%	12,920,000	13,300,000
Series 69-B:		
Term bonds, due 2033 to 2048, interest from 3.55% to 4.00%	17,410,000	24,280,000
Series 69-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2024, interest from 2.70% to 3.40%	2,235,000	4,745,000
Single-Family Fund (Continued):		
Homeownership Opportunity Bonds (Continued):		
Series 70:		
Serial bonds, due 2020 to 2031, interest from 1.40% to 2.55%	24,790,000	27,985,000
Term bonds, due 2034 to 2049, interest from 2.80% to 4.00%	39,665,000	89,870,000
Total Series 70	64,455,000	117,855,000
Series 71:		
Serial bonds, due 2020 to 2032, interest from 1.20% to 2.55%	23,135,000	25,855,000
Term bonds, due 2034 to 2049, interest from 2.75% to 3.75%	49,405,000	68,465,000
Total Series 71	72,540,000	94,320,000

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description (Continued)	2022	2021
Series 72A:		
Serial bonds, due 2021 to 2032, interest from 0.40% to 2.20%	$ 13,850,000	$ 16,025,000
Term bonds, due 2035 to 2050, interest from 2.30% to 3.50%	39,775,000	42,265,000
Total Series 72A	53,625,000	58,290,000
Series 73-A:		
Serial bonds, due 2025 to 2032, interest from 0.80% to 1.95%	28,815,000	28,815,000
Term bonds, due 2035 to 2050, interest from 2.10% to 3.00%	93,575,000	97,590,000
Total Series 73-A	122,390,000	126,405,000
Series 73-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2021 to 2035, interest from 0.65% to 1.25%	10,175,000	14,900,000
Serial bonds, due 2021 to 2032, interest from 0.40% to 2.20%	-	62,360,000
Term bonds, due 2035 to 2050, interest from 2.30% to 3.50%	-	72,700,000
Total Series 73-T	10,175,000	149,960,000
Series 74:		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2023, interest from 1.30% to 5.00%	59,050,000	-
Term bonds, due 2026 to 2049, interest from 2.125% to 3.00%	72,700,000	-
Total Series 74	131,750,000	-
Series 75-A		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2033, interest from .10% to 1.95%	29,550,000	-
Term bonds, due 2036 to 2051, interest from 2.05% to 3.00%	113,560,000	-
Total Series 75-A	143,110,000	-
Series 75-T		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2028, interest from .20% to 1.55%	26,685,000	-
Series 76-A		
Serial bonds, due 2026 to 2033, interest from 1.80% to 5.00%	32,335,000	-
Term bonds, due 2036 to 2051, interest from 2.35% to 3.00%	92,590,000	-
Total Series 76-A	124,925,000	-
Series 76-T		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2026, interest from .86% to 1.72%	13,800,000	-
Series 77-A		
Serial bonds, due 2023 to 2034, interest from 3.35% to 5.00%	40,930,000	-
Term bonds, due 2037 to 2051, interest from 4.00% to 4.25%	57,290,000	-
Total Series 77-A	98,220,000	-
Series 77-T		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2029, interest from 2.65% to 4.00%	20,000,000	
Unamortized Bond Premium	32,163,002	24,396,084
Subtotal	1,096,523,002	868,226,084

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description (Continued)	2022	2021
Single-Family Fund (Continued):		
Home Funding Bonds:		
Series 2, Subseries 2C:		
Term bonds, due 2041, interest at 2.73%	$ -	$ 15,230,000
Series 5:		
Term bonds, due 2028 to 2040, interest from 2.75% to 3.45%	-	17,540,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	-	416,486
Subtotal	-	33,186,486
Total Single-Family Fund	1,096,523,002	901,412,570
Multi-Family Fund:		
Multi-Family Funding Bonds:		
2009 Series A, Subseries 2009A-1:		
Term bonds, due 2051, interest at 3.01%	51,000,000	51,000,000
2009 Series A, Subseries 2009A-2:		
Term bonds, due 2051, interest at 2.32%	14,100,000	14,100,000
2010 Series A:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2021, interest from 3.75% to 4.00%	-	375,000
Term bonds, due 2025 to 2035, interest from 4.625% to 5.25%	15,160,000	15,550,000
Total 2010 Series A	15,160,000	15,925,000
2011 Series A:		
Term bonds, due 2021 to 2032, interest from 3.125% to 4.625%	3,335,000	3,575,000
Subtotal	83,595,000	84,600,000
2013 Series 1-AB:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2023, interest from 1.90% to 2.85%	835,000	1,355,000
Term bonds, due 2027 to 2048, interest from 3.25% to 4.125%	28,780,000	28,780,000
Total 2013 Series 1-AB	29,615,000	30,135,000
2014 Series 3-B:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2025, interest from 1.70% to 2.95%	885,000	1,105,000
Term bonds, due 2029 to 2049, interest from 3.40% to 4.125%	13,715,000	13,715,000
Total 2014 Series 3-B	14,600,000	14,820,000
2016 Series 1-B:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2026, interest from 1.05% to 2.650%	845,000	1,010,000
Term bonds, due 2031 to 2056, interest from 3.15% to 4.10%	15,350,000	15,350,000
Total 2016 Series 1-B	16,195,000	16,360,000
2016 Series 1-C:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2026, interest from 1.35% to 3.00%	2,300,000	2,730,000
Term bonds, due 2031 to 2041, interest from 3.50% to 4.10%	15,170,000	15,170,000
Total 2016 Series 1-C	17,470,000	17,900,000

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Description (Continued)	2022	2021
Multi-Family Fund (Continued):		
2017 Series 1-B:		
Term bonds, due 2052, interest at 4.20%	$ 1,540,000	$ 1,570,000
2017 Series 2-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2019 to 2028, interest from 1.834% to 3.639%	6,440,000	7,305,000
2017 Series 4-B:		
Serial bonds, due 2020 to 2028, interest from 1.85% to 3.05%	2,165,000	2,435,000
Term bonds, due 2032 to 2037, interest from 3.35% to 3.80%	31,620,000	31,620,000
Total 2017 Series 4-B	33,785,000	34,055,000
2019 Series 1-A:		
Term bonds, due 2049, interest at 1.70%	-	12,000,000
2019 Series 1-B:		
Serial bonds, due 2022 to 2031, interest from 1.55% to 2.40%	3,445,000	3,445,000
Term bonds, due 2034 to 2059, interest from 2.75% to 3.40%	32,555,000	32,555,000
Total 2019 Series 1-B	36,000,000	36,000,000
2019 Series 2-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2020 to 2031, interest from 1.90% to 2.95%	1,950,000	2,055,000
Term bonds, due 2039 to 2051, interest from 3.30% to 3.50%	9,570,000	9,570,000
Total 2019 Series 2-T	11,520,000	11,625,000
2020 Series 1-T:		
Term bonds, due 2021 to 2038, interest from .81% to 2.99%	43,395,000	43,875,000
2021 Series 1-A:		
Term bonds, due 2040, interest at 0.45%	19,650,000	23,650,000
2021 Series 1-B:		
Serial bonds, due 2023 to 2032, interest from 0.35% to 1.85%	1,730,000	1,230,000
Term bonds, due 2035 to 2040, interest from 2.00% to 2.15%	9,020,000	9,520,000
Total 2021 Series 1-B	10,750,000	10,750,000
2021 Series 2-T:		
Serial bonds, due 2021 to 2032, interest from 0.40% to 2.39%	18,120,000	18,650,000
Term bonds, due 2035 to 2040, interest from 2.54% to 3.03%	28,745,000	28,745,000
Total 2021 Series 2-T	46,865,000	47,395,000
Unamortized Bond Discount	(30,157)	(32,023)
Subtotal	287,794,843	307,407,977
Total Multi-Family Fund	371,389,843	392,007,977
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	$ 1,761,840,609	$ 1,553,433,748

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

The Operating Fund's lines of credit were established with financial institutions primarily to make funds available for the origination, or purchase from participating originating lenders, of single-family loans prior to the receipt of the respective bond proceeds. At June 30, 2022, the Corporation may borrow up to a maximum of $135,000,000 under various revolving loan agreements expiring between August 2022 and January 2023. Borrowings under the lines of credit are payable on demand and are unsecured. One line of credit has a variable interest rate. As of June 30, 2022, the borrowings were $34,000,000 and the rate was 2.550%. The remaining line of credit agreements have fixed rates which range from 2.40% to 2.45%. Outstanding borrowings under all agreements totaled $104,000,000 at June 30, 2022.

Homeownership Opportunity Bonds Series 46-T and 48-T bear interest at taxable rates established monthly or quarterly, which range from 2.58% to 2.60% at June 30, 2022. One Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bond bears interest daily with a rate of 3.186% at June 30, 2022.

The schedule below includes amounts required for debt service for each fiscal year relating to the respective bonds and notes as of June 30, 2022, (dollars in thousands):

	Operating Fund Bonds/Notes		Single-Family Bonds/Notes		Multi-Family Bonds/Notes	
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	$ 110,257	$ 7,831	$ 24,115	$ 29,718	$ 5,490	$ 11,459
2024	7,362	5,659	39,365	29,151	6,935	11,328
2025	2,473	5,423	43,120	28,168	7,365	11,168
2026	2,589	5,338	45,615	27,056	8,535	10,984
2027	9,885	5,250	43,615	25,855	8,955	10,773
2028-2032	15,587	24,541	214,680	24,561	44,985	10,537
2033-2037	19,363	21,602	179,650	19,127	48,090	9,228
2038-2042	23,272	18,005	173,345	14,535	141,380	7,772
2043-2047	26,152	13,972	165,770	9,702	39,585	3,331
2048-2052	31,133	9,631	135,085	4,514	40,030	2,004
2053-2057	37,014	4,370	-	-	11,330	710
2058-2062	8,839	496	-	-	8,740	297
Total	$ 293,928	$ 122,118	$ 1,064,360	$ 212,387	$ 371,420	$ 89,591

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Debt service requirements on direct borrowings and placements at June 30, 2022, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Business Type Activities			
	Bonds		Notes from Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements	
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	$ -	$ 156	$ 108,460	$ 2,865
2024	5,000	78	481	825
2025	-	-	504	724
2026	-	-	528	700
2027			7,728	675
2028-2032	-	-	3,195	2,720
2033-2037	-	-	3,790	1,867
2038-2042	-	-	3,696	897
2043-2047	-	-	1,536	176
2048-2052	-	-	170	11
Total	$ 5,000	$ 234	$ 130,088	$ 11,460

Bonds and notes payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Bonds and Notes Payable:				
General Obligation Bonds	$ 5,000,000	$ -	$ -	$ 5,000,000
Unsecured Notes	82,009,000	459,000,000	(437,009,000)	104,000,000
Secured Notes	173,004,200	17,935,000	(6,011,437)	184,927,763
Revenue Bonds	1,293,420,548	429,400,000	(254,907,702)	1,467,912,846
Total	$ 1,553,433,748	$ 906,335,000	$ (697,928,139)	$ 1,761,840,609

Bonds and notes payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Bonds and Notes Payable:				
General Obligation Bonds	$ 5,000,000	$ -	$ -	$ 5,000,000
Unsecured Notes	88,009,000	326,000,000	(332,000,000)	82,009,000
Secured Notes	174,921,084	4,000,000	(5,916,884)	173,004,200
Revenue Bonds	1,143,177,781	403,100,000	(252,857,233)	1,293,420,548
Total	$ 1,411,107,865	$ 733,100,000	$ (590,774,117)	$ 1,553,433,748

NOTE 7 BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Changes in general obligation bonds and notes from direct borrowings and placements for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business Type Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	$ 5,000,000	$ -	$ -	$ 5,000,000	$ -
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	108,509,890	463,000,000	(441,421,626)	130,088,264	108,459,532
Total	$ 113,509,890	$ 463,000,000	$ (441,421,626)	$ 135,088,264	$ 108,459,532

Changes in direct borrowings and placements for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business Type Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	$ 5,000,000	$ -	$ -	$ 5,000,000	$ -
Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	114,899,090	330,000,000	(336,389,200)	108,509,890	74,459,663
Total	$ 119,899,090	$ 330,000,000	$ (336,389,200)	$ 113,509,890	$ 74,459,663

The agreements related to the notes from direct borrowings and direct placements of $108,509,890 include certain provisions and results in the event of default. For the various lines of credit, which total $93,184,000, the interest rate could increase up to a maximum of 5% over the current rate and the outstanding lines may become due immediately at the discretion of the respective lenders. For the notes payable, which total $15,325,890, the principal and related interest would become due immediately.

NOTE 8 CONDUIT DEBT

To further economic development in the State, the Corporation issues bonds that provide financing for the acquisition, construction and rehabilitation for multifamily housing for low-income renters. The properties financed are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the Developers on the underlying mortgage or promissory notes. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the Developers and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the Corporation for any of those bonds. At June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, the bonds have an aggregate outstanding principal amount payable of $129,803,025 and $117,994,115, respectively.

NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in connection with its commitments to provide financing. Such commitments expose the Corporation to credit risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the accompanying combining statements of net position. The Corporation's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the borrowers is represented by the contractual amount of such instruments. The Corporation uses the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance-sheet instruments.

Total credit exposure as a result of loan commitments at June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Single-Family Fund	$ -
Operating Fund	148,544,942
Multi-Family	-
Trust	10,996,128
Total	$ 159,541,070

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a borrower as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. The Corporation evaluates each borrower's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. Interest rates on approved loan commitments are principally fixed rates.

The Corporation has entered into contracts with multiple developments under the Neighborhood Opportunities Program to fund projects over the next seven years for a total of $6,442,339, subject to the availability of funds. As of June 30, 2022, $5,408,591 has been paid under these contracts.

The Corporation is party to certain claims and lawsuits which are being contested, certain of which the Corporation and respective legal counsel are unable to determine the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome or the amount or range of potential loss. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions and claims will not have a material adverse effect on either the financial position or the results of operations of the Corporation.

The Corporation is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God for which the Corporation carries commercial insurance. Neither the Corporation nor its insurers have settled any claims which exceeded the Corporation's insurance coverage in any of the last three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in any insurance coverage from amounts in the prior year. The Corporation also is self-insured for unemployment compensation, and no accrual has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for claims expected to arise from services rendered on or before June 30, 2022, because the Corporation officials are of the opinion that, based on prior experience, such claims will not be material.

NOTE 10 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

In July 2013, the Corporation converted its loan funding platform from a mortgage revenue bond program to a program primarily financed through the sale of whole loans and mortgage-backed securities guaranteed by FNMA and GNMA as to timely payment of principal and interest. The securities represent pools of qualified first mortgage loans originated by the Corporation approved lenders. Under this program, the Corporation periodically enters into forward contracts to sell the securities to investors before the securities are ready for delivery (referred to as a To-Be-Announced or TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contract). The Corporation enters into TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts to hedge the interest rate risk for loan commitments made to originating mortgage lenders. TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts are derivative instruments due to one or more of the following factors that are not designated at the time the Corporation and the investor enter into the transaction: settlement factors; the reference rates or interest rates the security will bear; and notional amounts in the form of the principal amount of the future Mortgage-Backed Securities. In addition, payment to the Corporation by the investor is not required until the investor receives the security, enabling the investor to take a position on interest rates without making a payment. Finally, the TBA Mortgage-Backed Security Contracts may be “net settled” because neither party is required to deliver or purchase an asset to settle the TBA Mortgage-Backed Securities Contract.

At June 30, 2022, the Corporation entered into commitments to sell loans to Fannie Mae with a total notional amount of $5,145,000 and fair market values totaling $120,877 resulting in a hedging instrument of $5,265,877. These contracts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and the fair values of such contracts are also included in the combining statements of net position as deferred outflows of resources.

At June 30, 2021, TBA Mortgage-Backed Securities Contracts with a total notional amount of $18,000,000 and fair market values totaling $18,671,562 were outstanding, resulting in a hedging instrument of $671,562. These contracts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and the fair values of such contracts are included in the combining statements of net position as deferred outflows of resources. In addition, the Corporation entered into commitments to sell loans to Fannie Mae with a total notional amount of $5,000,000 and fair market values totaling $5,188,438, resulting in a hedging instrument of $188,438. These contracts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs) and the fair values of such contracts are also included in the combining statements of net position as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee Benefit Plan

The Corporation has adopted an employee retirement plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The Corporation's 401(a) money Purchase Pension Plan (the Plan) is a defined contribution plan, administered by Voya Financial. Regular full-time employees who meet certain requirements as to length of service are eligible. The Corporation contributes a set percentage of an employee's annual eligible compensation to the Plan. The contribution requirements and benefit provisions are established and may be amended by management of the Corporation along with the Board of Commissioners. Contributions to the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, totaled $1,599,789 and $1,550,229, respectively. The assets of the Plan were placed under a separate trust agreement for the benefit of the applicable employees, and therefore are neither an asset nor a liability of the Corporation.

Postemployment Healthcare Plan

The Rhode Island Housing Retiree Healthcare Plan (RIHRHP) is a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Corporation. RIHRHP provides medical insurance benefits to eligible employees who retire from active full-time employment based on years of service and age.

RIHRHP currently pays for postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2022, RIHRHP has not established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the postemployment benefits, which would require the reporting of a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. Administration costs are financed from current operations. RIHRHP does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Employees become eligible at 28 years of service or at age 59½ with 10 years of service. RIHRHP pays a percentage of the cost of insurance, ranging from 50% to 100%, based on a combination of years of service and age. The benefit provisions are established and may be amended by management of the Corporation along with the Board of Commissioners.

Membership in the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the last actuarial valuation:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	34
Active Plan Members	218
Total Plan Members	252

Total OPEB Liability

RI Housing's total OPEB liability of $10,289,632 is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date of June 30,2021.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Discount Rate	1.92% as of June 30, 2021, based on the municipal bond index rate.
Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 7.50%
Demographic Assumptions	Due to the size of the plan, the demographic assumptions are not based on formal experience studies. However, gains and losses are monitored during each valuation and adjustments are made to the demographics assumptions as needed.
Mortality	For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct PubG-2010 Health Retiree mortality tables were used. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate mortality improvement rates in the scale MP-2014 tables to account for future mortality improvements.
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	Pre-65: Initial rate of 6.50% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 12 years; Post-65: Initial rate of 5.60% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 8 years.
Participation Rates	70% for retirees with 10 to 15 years of service at retirement. 85% for retirees with 16 to 27 years of service at retirement. 100% for retirees with 28 years of more of service at retirement.
Other Information:	
Notes	The discount rate changed from 2.45% as of June 30, 2020, to 1.92% as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability:		
Service Cost	$ 677,977	$ 522,439
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	239,317	248,792
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience of Total OPEB Liability	(966,770)	9,438
Changes in Assumptions	989,257	1,115,337
Benefit Payments	(158,423)	(150,259)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability	781,358	1,745,747
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	9,508,274	7,762,527
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	$ 10,289,632	$ 9,508,274
Covered Payroll	$ 15,985,909	$ 16,179,697
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	64.37%	58.77%

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following presents the Plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 1.92% and 2.45% as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as well as the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	June 30, 2022		
	1% Decrease (0.92%)	Current Discount Rate (1.92%)	1% Increase (2.92%)
Total OPEB Liability	$ 12,557,033	$ 10,289,632	$ 8,524,803

	June 30, 2021		
	1% Decrease (1.45%)	Current Discount Rate (2.45%)	1% Increase (3.45%)
Total OPEB Liability	$ 11,559,180	$ 9,508,274	$ 7,904,559

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the Plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher: For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the healthcare cost trend rates for members who are Pre-65 were 6.75% and for members who are Post-65 were 5.60%.

	June 30, 2022		
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	$ 8,249,848	$ 10,289,632	$ 13,074,288

	June 30, 2021		
	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	$ 7,589,727	$ 9,508,274	$ 12,118,894

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, RIHRHP recognized OPEB expense of $980,695 and $832,251, respectively. At June 30, RIHRHP reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	June 30, 2022	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	$ 10,551	$ 1,601,163
Changes in Assumptions	2,613,028	464,797
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	159,937	-
Total	$ 2,783,516	$ 2,065,960

NOTE 11 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB (Continued)

	June 30, 2021	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	$ 11,991	$ 827,829
Changes in Assumptions	1,952,797	538,426
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	158,423	-
Total	$ 2,123,211	$ 1,366,255

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the subsequent year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows to be Recognized in Future OPEB Expense

Year Ending June 30,	Net Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows)
2023	$ 63,401
2024	63,401
2025	63,401
2026	63,401
2027	63,401
Thereafter	240,614
Total	$ 557,619

NOTE 12 OTHER CONTINGENCIES

Throughout the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the State of Rhode Island continues to be under a state of national emergency due to the COVID-19 outbreak. The Corporation derives a significant portion of its revenues from loans made to multi-family projects and single-family homeowners which may have both been impacted by business closures and job loss. This has resulted in an increase in delinquency and loans in forbearance. The situation creates uncertainty about the impact of future revenues that might be generated from these loans.

NOTE 13 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Corporation has instructed its trustee to redeem the following bonds outstanding:

Date of Call	Principal Program	Outstanding
July 1, 2022	Multi Family Funding Bonds	$ 9,000,000
September 6, 2022	Multi Family Funding Bonds	17,700,000
September 6, 2022	Multi Family Development Bonds	8,700,000

The Corporation issued debt as outlined below:

Date of Issuance	Principal Program	Outstanding
July 21, 2022	Multi Family Development Bonds	$ 28,265,000

Numerous economic and political factors including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic have created significant pockets of volatility in investment markets over the past eighteen months. As a result, the current fair value of the Corporation's investments may be materially different from amounts recorded in recent quarters' financial statements. Any changes, however, do not impact the Corporation's liquidity as it typically holds mortgage-backed securities until maturity.

NOTE 14 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

The Corporation previously reported the activities of conduit debt in the Multi-family Mortgage Revenue Bond Program within the Multi-family fund. As a result of the change in accounting principle, the conduit debt obligations, as of July 1, 2020, have been removed from the activity of the Mortgage Revenue Bond Program. The conduit debt is related to bonds issued on behalf of third-party Multifamily Developments. The bonds are payable from revenues derived solely from these Multifamily Developments. The bonds are issued as part of a private placement transaction with a third-party financial institution. RI Housing does not retain any rights or obligations related these transactions. Based on the nature of these transactions, the removal of conduit activity provides a more accurate presentation of RI Housing financial statements. The impact of the change in accounting principle on the Corporation's financial statements is as follows:

Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Fund	2021 Previously Reported	Adjustment	2021 As Restated
Combining Statement of Net Position			
Loan receivable	$ 117,994,115	$ (117,994,115)	$ -
Accrued interest-loans	408,470	(408,470)	-
Cash and cash equivalents	5,022,660	(5,022,660)	-
Bonds and notes payable	(117,994,115)	117,994,115	-
Accrued interest payable on bonds and notes	(419,097)	419,097	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(53,181)	53,181	-
Escrow deposits	(5,022,660)	5,022,660	-
Net Position	63,808	(63,808)	-
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Interest income on loans	(5,011,457)	5,011,457	-
Interest expense	4,769,082	(4,769,082)	-
Transfer out	337,907	(337,907)	-
Net Position at Beginning of Year	31,724	(31,724)	-
Change in Net Position	95,532	(95,532)	-

NOTE 14 RESTATEMENT (CONTINUED)

Multi-Family Fund

	2021 Previously Reported	Adjustment	2021 As Restated
Combining Statement of Net Position			
Loan receivable	$ 560,144,848	$ (117,994,115)	$ 442,150,733
Accrued interest-loans	2,467,264	(408,470)	2,058,794
Cash and cash equivalents	42,858,147	(5,022,660)	37,835,487
Bonds and notes payable	(510,002,092)	117,994,115	(392,007,977)
Accrued interest payable on bonds and notes	(3,362,749)	419,097	(2,943,652)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(90,814)	53,181	(37,633)
Escrow deposits	(5,022,660)	5,022,660	-
Net Position	(87,091,647)	(63,808)	(87,155,455)
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Interest income on loans	(29,250,306)	5,011,457	(24,238,849)
Interest expense	16,623,932	(4,769,082)	11,854,850
Transfer out	11,334,841	(337,907)	10,996,934
Net Position at Beginning of Year	(87,351,738)	(31,724)	(87,383,462)
Change in Net Position	260,091	(95,532)	164,559

Operating Fund

	2021 Previously Reported	Adjustment	2021 As Restated
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Fees	$ (12,140,078)	$ (337,907)	$ (12,477,985)
Transfers in	(12,425,068)	337,907	(12,087,161)

Rhode Island Housing

	2021 Previously Reported	Adjustment	2021 As Restated
Combining Statement of Net Position			
Loan receivable	$ 1,510,795,491	$ (117,994,115)	$ 1,392,801,376
Accrued interest-loans	4,753,589	(408,470)	4,345,119
Cash and cash equivalents	350,111,796	(5,022,660)	345,089,136
Bonds and notes payable	(1,671,427,863)	117,994,115	(1,553,433,748)
Accrued interest payable on bonds and notes	(9,546,395)	419,097	(9,127,298)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(16,786,704)	53,181	(16,733,523)
Escrow deposits	(479,817,296)	5,022,660	(474,794,636)
Net Position, restricted by bond resolutions	(282,886,152)	(63,808)	(282,949,960)
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position			
Interest income on loans	(61,121,295)	5,011,457	(56,109,838)
Interest expense	46,131,813	(4,769,082)	41,362,731
Fees	(12,140,078)	(337,907)	(12,477,985)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	(368,555,711)	(31,724)	(368,587,435)
Change in Net Position	260,091	(95,532)	164,559

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
FOR THE LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability:					
Service Cost	$ 677,977	$ 522,439	$ 544,653	$ 537,100	$ 619,903
Interest	239,317	248,792	258,543	233,195	193,253
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(966,770)	9,438	(1,010,025)	4,859	-
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	989,257	1,115,337	1,167,026	(72,478)	(754,007)
Benefit Payments	(158,423)	(150,259)	(134,837)	(94,763)	(76,424)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	781,358	1,745,747	825,360	607,913	(17,275)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	9,508,274	7,762,527	6,937,167	6,329,254	6,346,529
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	$ 10,289,632	$ 9,508,274	$ 7,762,527	$ 6,937,167	$ 6,329,254
Covered Payroll	$ 15,985,909	$ 16,179,697	$ 16,567,803	$ 16,562,167	$ 13,634,804
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	64.37%	58.77%	46.85%	41.89%	46.42%

* This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Homeownership Opportunity Bond Program		Home Funding Bond Program	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ 334,582,973	$ 373,723,738	$ -	$ 10,998,389
Less Allowance for Loan Losses	(18,000,000)	(14,000,000)	-	-
Loans Receivable, Net	316,582,973	359,723,738	-	10,998,389
Investments	659,276,797	533,744,116	-	19,681,708
Accrued Interest - Loans	971,466	1,099,039	-	30,614
Accrued Interest - Investments	1,980,865	1,534,494	-	60,461
Cash and Cash Equivalents	245,792,709	162,625,203	-	9,513,330
Accounts Receivable	25,785	43,479	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs, Net	-	-	-	-
Other Assets, Net	239,926	299,350	-	5,096
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	(7,800)	(26,397)	-	18,597
Total Assets	1,224,862,721	1,059,043,022	-	40,308,195
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Loan Origination Costs	2,081	2,246	-	-
Combined Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	$ 1,224,864,802	$ 1,059,045,268	$ -	$ 40,308,195
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ 1,096,523,002	$ 868,226,084	$ -	$ 33,186,486
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	7,445,059	5,561,807	-	244,392
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Fees, Net	71,515	85,961	-	-
Total Liabilities	1,104,039,576	873,873,852	-	33,430,878
NET POSITION				
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	120,825,226	185,171,416	-	6,877,317
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ 1,224,864,802	$ 1,059,045,268	$ -	$ 40,308,195

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Single-Family Fund Totals	
	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Loans Receivable	$ 334,582,973	$ 384,722,127
Less Allowance for Loan Losses	(18,000,000)	(14,000,000)
Loans Receivable, Net	316,582,973	370,722,127
Investments	659,276,797	553,425,824
Accrued Interest - Loans	971,466	1,129,653
Accrued Interest - Investments	1,980,865	1,594,955
Cash and Cash Equivalents	245,792,709	172,138,533
Accounts Receivable	25,785	43,479
Bond Issuance Costs, Net	-	-
Other Assets, Net	239,926	304,446
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	(7,800)	(7,800)
Total Assets	1,224,862,721	1,099,351,217
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Loan Origination Costs	2,081	2,246
Combined Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	$ 1,224,864,802	$ 1,099,353,463
LIABILITIES		
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ 1,096,523,002	$ 901,412,570
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	7,445,059	5,806,199
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-
Fees, Net	71,515	85,961
Total Liabilities	1,104,039,576	907,304,730
NET POSITION		
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	120,825,226	192,048,733
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ 1,224,864,802	$ 1,099,353,463

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Homeownership Opportunity Bond Program		Home Funding Bond Program	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ 14,983,241	$ 17,773,441	$ 374,772	$ 661,509
Interest Income Attributable to Internal Servicing Activities	-	-	-	-
Total Interest Income on Loans	14,983,241	17,773,441	374,772	661,509
Earnings on Investments:				
Interest on Investments	18,934,416	14,793,038	539,271	1,005,833
Total Operating Revenues	33,917,657	32,566,479	914,043	1,667,342
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	20,504,909	21,572,737	214,142	1,346,748
Provision for Loan Losses	4,136,808	124,277	-	-
REO Expenditures	(40,255)	(129,988)	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs	2,901,451	1,896,137	-	-
Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets	-	-	5,096	5,088
Loan Costs	8,043,775	6,298,861	-	-
Early Retirement of Debt	7,478	-	-	-
Total Operating Expenses	35,554,166	29,762,024	219,238	1,351,836
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,636,509)	2,804,455	694,805	315,506
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(65,377,657)	9,302,275	(1,295,887)	(1,681,701)
Transfers In (Out)	2,667,976	(288,101)	(6,276,235)	(802,126)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(64,346,190)	11,818,629	(6,877,317)	(2,168,321)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	185,171,416	173,352,787	6,877,317	9,045,638
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 120,825,226	$ 185,171,416	$ -	$ 6,877,317

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – SINGLE-FAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Single-Family Fund Totals	
	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest Income on Loans	$ 15,358,013	$ 18,434,950
Interest Income Attributable to Internal Servicing Activities	-	-
Total Interest Income on Loans	15,358,013	18,434,950
Earnings on Investments:		
Interest on Investments	19,473,687	15,798,871
Total Operating Revenues	34,831,700	34,233,821
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest Expense	20,719,051	22,919,485
Provision for Loan Losses	4,136,808	124,277
REO Expenditures	(40,255)	(129,988)
Bond Issuance Costs	2,901,451	1,896,137
Depreciation and Amortization of Other Assets	5,096	5,088
Loan Costs	8,043,775	6,298,861
Early Retirement of Debt	7,478	-
Total Operating Expenses	35,773,404	31,113,860
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(941,704)	3,119,961
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(66,673,544)	7,620,574
Transfers In (Out)	(3,608,259)	(1,090,227)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(71,223,507)	9,650,308
Net Position - Beginning of Year	192,048,733	182,398,425
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 120,825,226	$ 192,048,733

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Housing Bond		Housing Bond Program	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable, Net	-	-	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest - Loans	-	-	-	-
Accrued Interest - Investments	-	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	-	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	-	-	-	-
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	-	-	-	-
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Fees, Net	-	-	-	-
Escrow Deposits	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-
NET POSITION				
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MULTIFAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue		Multi-Family Funding Bond	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ -	$ -	$ 77,984,886	$ 84,687,004
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable, Net	-	-	77,984,886	84,687,004
Investments				
Accrued Interest - Loans	-	-	414,086	450,779
Accrued Interest - Investments	-	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	16,431,315	10,347,399
Accounts Receivable, Net	-	-	-	-
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	$ -	$ -	$ 94,830,287	$ 95,485,182
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ -	$ -	$ 83,595,000	$ 84,600,000
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	-	-	693,043	703,490
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Fees, Net	-	-	-	-
Escrow Deposits	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	-	84,288,043	85,303,490
NET POSITION				
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	-	-	10,542,244	10,181,692
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ -	$ -	$ 94,830,287	$ 95,485,182

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION – MULTIFAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Development Bonds		Multi-Family Fund Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
ASSETS				
Loans Receivable	$ 329,101,876	$ 357,463,729	$ 407,086,762	$ 442,150,733
Less: Allowance for Loan Losses	-	-	-	-
Loans Receivable, Net	329,101,876	357,463,729	407,086,762	442,150,733
Investments	1,642,271	1,691,278	1,642,271	1,691,278
Accrued Interest - Loans	1,551,996	1,608,015	1,966,082	2,058,794
Accrued Interest - Investments	5,318	4,827	5,318	4,827
Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,936,813	27,488,088	57,368,128	37,835,487
Accounts Receivable, Net	902	-	902	-
Interfund Receivable (Payable)	(7,800)	(7,800)	(7,800)	(7,800)
Total Assets	$ 373,231,376	$ 388,248,137	$ 468,061,663	$ 483,733,319
LIABILITIES				
Bonds and Notes Payable	$ 287,794,843	$ 307,407,977	$ 371,389,843	$ 392,007,977
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds and Notes	2,181,993	2,240,162	2,875,036	2,943,652
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	6,585	37,633	6,585	37,633
Fees, Net	1,510,615	1,588,602	1,510,615	1,588,602
Escrow Deposits	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	291,494,036	311,274,374	375,782,079	396,577,864
NET POSITION				
Restricted by Bond Resolutions	81,737,340	76,973,763	92,279,584	87,155,455
Total Liabilities and Net Position	$ 373,231,376	$ 388,248,137	$ 468,061,663	$ 483,733,319

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Housing Bond		Housing Bond Program	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 1,609,387
Interest on Investments	-	-	-	30,910
Total Operating Revenues	-	-	-	1,640,297
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	-	-	-	146,488
Arbitrage Rebate	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-
Loan Costs	-	-	-	46,009
Total Operating Expenses	-	-	-	192,497
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE FMV ADJUSTMENT	-	-	-	1,447,800
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	-	(30,183)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) AFTER FMV ADJUSTMENT	-	-	-	1,417,617
Transfers Out	-	-	-	(10,524,047)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-	-	-	(9,106,430)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	-	-	-	9,106,430
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue		Multi-Family Funding Bond Program	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ -	$ -	$ 5,343,821	$ 5,437,019
Interest on Investments	-	-	10,945	2,933
Total Operating Revenues	-	-	5,354,766	5,439,952
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	-	-	2,794,214	2,831,901
Arbitrage Rebate	-	-	-	-
Bond Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-
Loan Costs	-	-	208,582	211,112
Total Operating Expenses	-	-	3,002,796	3,043,013
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE FMV ADJUSTMENT	-	-	2,351,970	2,396,939
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	-	-	-	-
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) AFTER FMV ADJUSTMENT	-	-	2,351,970	2,396,939
Transfers Out	-	-	(1,991,418)	(2,188,888)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-	-	360,552	208,051
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	-	-	10,181,692	9,973,641
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ -	$ -	$ 10,542,244	$ 10,181,692

RHODE ISLAND HOUSING AND MORTGAGE FINANCE CORPORATION
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND)
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – MULTI-FAMILY FUND (CONTINUED)
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Multi-Family Development Bonds		Multi-Family Fund Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest Income on Loans	$ 19,117,952	$ 17,192,443	$ 24,461,773	$ 24,238,849
Interest on Investments	76,024	89,890	86,969	123,733
Total Operating Revenues	19,193,976	17,282,333	24,548,742	24,362,582
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Interest Expense	8,887,897	8,876,461	11,682,111	11,854,850
Arbitrage Rebate	(31,235)	(62,374)	(31,235)	(62,374)
Bond Issuance Costs	-	890,382	-	890,382
Loan Costs	535,840	483,352	744,422	740,473
Total Operating Expenses	9,392,502	10,187,821	12,395,298	13,423,331
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE FMV ADJUSTMENT	9,801,474	7,094,512	12,153,444	10,939,251
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(73,737)	(76,693)	(73,737)	(106,876)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) AFTER FMV ADJUSTMENT	9,727,737	7,017,819	12,079,707	10,832,375
Transfers Out	(4,964,160)	1,716,001	(6,955,578)	(10,996,934)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,763,577	8,733,820	5,124,129	(164,559)
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Restated	76,973,763	68,239,943	87,155,455	87,320,014
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	$ 81,737,340	$ 76,973,763	$ 92,279,584	$ 87,155,455